

LANSEN

Wireless M-BUS B4 Gateway documentation LTE-M1 / GPRS and Ethernet GW

*using optional
LansenConfigurator 1.6.2.0*

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Introduction

- This device from Lansen is a lightweight gateway that is made for receiving wM-Bus data and transmitting the data using LTE M1, GPRS or Ethernet, depending on variant, to an MQTT server.
- The data received is timestamped and once connection to the MQTT service is active the data is transmitted to the specified MQTT server.
- To maintain full data integrity, the dataflow through the gateway is NOT decrypted. No encryption keys for the dataflow are stored in the gateway, however, the configuration of the gateway can be protected using a unique AES128 encryption key which is preprogrammed into the gateway during production. This ONLY protects the configuration data.
- Packets are sent with Quality of Service (QoS) set to 0, i.e., the MQTT server should not reply to messages. TCP/IP is handling transmission, ACK, and quality of service automatically.
- The gateway can be configured over the wM-Bus interface using, for example, a Lansen USB-dongle (LAN-WMBUS-D1/D2-TC), through a USB-C cable, a wM-Bus compatible transceiver, or via the MQTT interface.
- The gateway can run either on mains power or battery.
- The gateway support in-field upgrade of the firmware. The upgrade can be requested by the MQTT or wM-Bus interface.

MQTT traffic

This document describes how to interpret data packages from a gateway which support Message Queueing Telemetry Transport (MQTT).

Note: The number 01234567 below is an example of a serial number for a gateway.

Data is posted from the gateway on topic **LAS/W/D/01234567**.

Configuration to the gateway is posted on topic **LAS/W/C/01234567**.

Response of configuration from the gateway is posted on topic **LAS/W/R/01234567**.

Gateway ready to accept configuration data is posted on topic **LAS/W/I/01234567**.

Packets are sent with Quality of Service (QoS) set to 0, i.e., the MQTT server should not reply to messages. TCP/IP is handling transmission, ACK, and QoS, automatically.

If the connection is lost, data is stored on the gateway in its flash memory. This is also the case for battery driven devices.

If the connection is lost during a transmission, the gateway will resend the not yet delivered telegram to the server once the connection is active again.

Below is an example packet as sent from the gateway where wM-Bus data is in **blue**, the MQTT header is in **red**, and the received WMBUS packet is in **yellow**.

```
30 A0 01 00 10 4C 41 53 2F 57 2F 44 2F 30 30 30 34 36 31 35 33 68 88 88 68 08 FD 72 97 42 04 00 33 30 0B 32 58 00 00 00 0C 78 53 61 04 00 06
6D 58 84 95 DE 26 5B 01 FD 71 A3 8C 40 78 97 42 04 00 81 40 FD F1 94 74 00 0D FD 3B 55 54 44 33 30 97 42 04 00 0B 32 7A C4 00 00 40 2F 2F
04 FD 3A D3 C4 00 00 82 40 FD 3A 1E 01 02 FD 0F 95 00 81 80 40 FD 3A 00 84 C0 40 FD 3A A6 99 00 00 42 FD 3A 19 00 82 01 FD 3A 87 05 C1 01
FD 3A 7F 82 02 FD 3A E0 01 06 6D 1A 04 95 DE 26 00 02 FD 46 0B 0D B2 16
```

Packet sent by gateway with wM-Bus container

The data is packed into a wM-Bus container data record which is represented by the table below.

Example packet complete MQTT packet:

Information					
DR1	Represents the time when package was received				
DR2	Represents the signal strength for the reception of the received package				
DR3	If packet was from a repeater the repeater serial number is written here, otherwise this value is 0xFFFFFFFF				
DR4	RSSI value that the repeater received the packet. Relative RSSI 0-100, 0 is the best and 100 is the worst. 0xFF means the value is not used.				
DR5	Wireless M-Bus data received.				
Byte No.	Field Name	Content	Info	Byte data (example)	Layer
1	Start	Start-byte		0x68	Data Link
2	L-Field	Telegram length	If packet is longer than 255 then both L-fields should be added, otherwise the L-fields are the same.	0x45	
3	L-field	Telegram length		0x45	
4	Start	Start-byte		0x68	
5	C-Field	ACC-DMD		0x08	
6	A-Field	Primary addressing	0xFD = Use secondary addressing	0xFD	
7	CI-Field	Long header (0x72)		0x72	Transport
8	ID-Field	Identification number (LSB)	Example: 33221100	0x00	
9	ID-Field	Identification number		0x11	
10	ID-Field	Identification number		0x22	
11	ID-Field	Identification number (MSB)		0x33	
12	Manufacturer	Manufacturer code (LSB)	LAS	0x33	
13	Manufacturer	Manufacturer code (MSB)		0x30	
14	Version	Version		0x07	
15	Type	Device type		0x1B	
16	Acc.	Access number		0x01	
17	Status	Errors and alerts		0x00	
18	Config.	Configuration field	Example: Encryption off	0x00	
19	Config.	Configuration field		0x00	
20	ID-Field	DIF	8-digit BCD	0x0C	Application
21	ID-Field	VIF	Fabrication number	0x78	
22	ID-Field	Gateway serial number (LSB)	Example: 00000008	0x08	
23	ID-Field	Gateway serial number		0x00	
24	ID-Field	Gateway serial number		0x00	
25	ID-Field	Gateway serial number (MSB)		0x00	
26	DR1	DIF	48-bit integer	0x06	
27	DR1	VIF	Time Type I format	0x6D	
28	DR1	Received time (LSB)	Example: 2000-01-01 00:01:02	0x02	
29	DR1	Received time		0x01	
30	DR1	Received time		0xC0	
31	DR1	Received time		0x01	
32	DR1	Received time		0x01	
33	DR1	Received time (MSB)		0x00	
34	DR2	DIF	8-bit integer	0x01	
35	DR2	VIF	Extension	0xFD	
36	DR2	VIF	RSSI	0x71	

37	DR2	Value	Example: 118	0x76	Application
38	DR3	DIF	8 digit BCD	0x8C	
39	DR3	DIFE	Subunit 1	0x40	
40	DR3	VIF	Fabrication number	0x78	
41	DR3	Repeater serial number (LSB)	Example: 00000009	0x09	
42	DR3	Repeater serial number		0x00	
43	DR3	Repeater serial number		0x00	
44	DR3	Repeater serial number (MSB)		0x00	
45	DR4	DIF	8-bit integer	0x81	
46	DR4	DIFE	Subunit 1	0x40	
47	DR4	VIF	Extension	0xFD	
48	DR4	VIFE	RSSI	0xF1	
49	DR4	VIFE	Relative deviation	0x94	
50	DR4	VIFE	Multiplier (0.01)	0x74	
51	DR4	Value	RSSI of repeater (0-100%) Note: 0xFF = Not used Example: 70	0x46	
52	DR5	DIF	Variable length	0x0D	
53	DR5	VIF	Extension	0xFD	
54	DR5	VIFE	Data container for wireless M-Bus protocol	0x3B	
55	DR5	LVAR	Example: 50	0x32	
56	DR5	Telegram content starting with the L-field in the contained wireless MBUS packet		0x8C	
57		
58	DR5	Last byte of the telegram	0x06		
59	Checksum			0x	Data Link
60	Stop-byte			0x16	

Sending configuration packets to a gateway

This chapter describes how to send configuration packets to a gateway. The packet is always sent to the topic LAS/W/C/12345678 where 12345678 is the serial number of the gateway.

Note: Alternative 1 needs to be used if a gateway has been enabled to only accept encrypted configuration packets.

Alternative 1: M-BUS header for encrypted and non-encrypted configuration packets

The following header is supported by the gateway and can be used for sending both AES128 encrypted and non-encrypted configuration packets.

The serial number in bytes 12-15 must be the serial number of the gateway that should be configured, i.e., the same serial number that is in the MQTT configuration header.

The access number, byte 20, should be incremented by 1 for each packet sent to the gateway for optimal security. However, it will still work even if the same access number is always used.

Note: After the header, the configuration data is added – The configuration data is also referred to as ENAPI Data. Refer to the document **Bridge_ENAPI_Commands_B4** for detailed instruction about each ENAPI command. Configuration of the gateway is sent in the same way both on the MQTT as with the dongle. An NDA is required to receive the commands and the structure.

Byte No.	Field Name	Content	Info	Byte data (example)	Layer
1	L-Field	Length of data			Data Link
2	C-Field	SND-UD2		0x43	
3	M-Field	Meter Manufacturer Code	LAS	0x33	
4	M-Field	Meter Manufacturer Code		0x68	
5	A-Field	Serial number BCD (LSB)	Example: 0A0A0A0A	0x0A	
6	A-Field	Serial number BCD		0x0A	
7	A-Field	Serial number BCD		0x0A	
8	A-Field	Serial number BCD (MSB)		0x0A	
9	A-Field	Version	Example: 00	0x00	
10	A-Field	Device type	Example: 00	0x00	
11	CI-Field	Long network header		0x5B	Transport
12	Ident Nr.	Gateway serial number BCD (LSB)	Example: 12345678	0x78	
13	Ident Nr.	Gateway serial number BCD		0x56	
14	Ident Nr.	Gateway serial number BCD		0x34	
15	Ident Nr.	Gateway serial number BCD (MSB)		0x12	
16	Manufacturer	Manufacturer code (LSB)	LAS	0x33	
17	Manufacturer	Manufacturer code (MSB)		0x30	
18	Version	Version (Ignored by gateway)	This can be set to any value	0xFF	
19	Device type	Device type (Ignored by gateway)	This can be set to any value	0xFF	
20	Access number.	Access Number to gateway		0x75	
21	Status	Errors and alerts		0x00	
22	Config.	Configuration field	Example: Encryption off	0x00	
23	Config.	Configuration field		0x00	
24	AES-verify	Encryption verification		0x2F	
25	AES-verify	Encryption verification		0x2F	

Alternative 2: M-BUS header only for non-encrypted configuration data.

This format is easier, compared to the previous alternative, but only supports non-encrypted configuration data. The Access number, byte 12, should be incremented by 1 for each packet sent to the gateway for best security. However, it will still work even if the same access number is always used.

Note: After the header, the configuration data is added – The configuration data is also referred to as ENAPI Data. Refer to the document **Bridge_ENAPI_Commands_B4** for detailed instruction about each ENAPI command. Configuration of the gateway is sent in the same way both on the MQTT as with the dongle. An NDA is required to receive the commands and the structure.

Byte No	Field Name	Content	Info	Byte data (example)	Layer
1	L-Field	Length of data			Data Link
2	C-Field	SND-NR		0x44	
3	M-Field	Meter Manufacturer Code	LAS	0x33	
4	M-Field	Meter Manufacturer Code		0x30	
5	A-Field	Serial number BCD (LSB)	Example: 0A0A0A0A	0x0A	
6	A-Field	Serial number BCD		0x0A	
7	A-Field	Serial number BCD		0x0A	
8	A-Field	Serial number BCD (MSB)		0x0A	
9	A-Field	Version		0x00	
10	A-Field	Device type		0x00	
11	CI-Field	Short network header		0x7A	Transport
12	Access no.	Access Number		0xA1	
13	Status	Errors and alerts		0x00	
14	Configuration		Example: Encryption off	0x00	
15	Configuration			0x00	
16	AES-verify	Encryption verification		0x2F	
17	AES-verify	Encryption verification		0x2F	

The response from the gateway

The packet is always sent to the topic LAS/W/R/12345678 where 12345678 is the serial number of the gateway.

Note: After the header, the configuration data is added – The configuration data is also referred to as ENAPI Data. Refer to the document **Bridge_ENAPI_Commands_B4** for detailed instruction about each ENAPI command.

Byte No	Field Name	Content		Byte data	
1	L-Field	Length of data		0x	Data Link
2	C-Field	RSP-UD		0x08	
3	M-Field	Meter Manufacturer code (LAS)		0x33	
4	M-Field	Meter Manufacturer code (LAS)		0x30	
5	A-Field	Serial NO LSB (BCD)		0x78	
6	A-Field	Serial NO (BCD)		0x56	
7	A-Field	Serial NO (BCD)		0x34	
8	A-Field	Serial NO MSB (BCD) of GW		0x12	
9	A-Field	Version		0x0A	
10	A-Field	Device type		0x31	
11	CI-Field	Short transport header		0x7A	Transport
12	Access No.	Access number of gateway		0x75	
13	Status	Meter state (Low battery)	Example: Low battery	0x04	
14	Config Field			0x00	
15	Config Field			0x00	
16	AES-Verify	Encryption verification		0x2F	
17	AES-Verify	Encryption verification		0x2F	

Status packet

A status packet contains information and settings about the gateway and the packet is sent at regular intervals.

In other words, a status packet is sent:

- Every 12 hours over the MQTT interface.
- On every new connection to the MQTT server.
- Every minute over the wM-Bus interface (default in C mode, frame format A).

Note: Information in DR1 – DR11 below are the same as for the repeater.	
DR1	Total number of packets transmitted over MQTT since power up
DR2	Used routing slots (maximum 2000) used (whitelist devices).
DR3	Software version of gateway
DR4	Is the bridge listening now? (1=Yes, 0=NO)
DR5	Seconds to mode change (Listen→Sleep or Sleep→Listen). Maximum 32767 seconds
DR6	Value on parameter “ <i>Listen timer</i> ”
DR7	Value on parameter “ <i>Pause timer</i> ” (0=The gateway will always listen)
DR8	Shows which weekday(s) the gateway is listening. See Table 1 for more information
DR9	Value on parameter “ <i>Start time</i> ”, shown as minutes after midnight (-1=Not used)
DR10	Current time
DR11	Current battery level. Battery level is always 3600 for battery version and 5000 for mains version
DR12	IMEI number
DR13	ICCID number of SIM-card number
DR14	RSSI in the LTE M1 network (connection between the gateway and the base station)
DR15	Hardware model
DR16	Hardware version
DR17	On time (days) since powerup
DR18	Number of seconds for which the modem has been active
DR19	Number of seconds for which the wM-Bus radio has been in listen mode
DR20	Shows which weekday(s) the gateway will upload data. See Table 1 for more information Note: Has no function if parameter <i>MQTT Always Online</i> is enabled.
DR21	The time for which the modem will upload stored data, shown as minutes after midnight (-1=Not used) Note: Has no function if parameter <i>MQTT Always Online</i> is enabled.
DR22	The interval for which the modem will upload data. Maximum 1440 minutes (24 hours). Can be combined with days to upload data (see DR20).
DR23	Number of NTP server connection retries since last successful NTP connection.

Byte No.	Field Name	Content	Info	Byte data (example)	Layer
1	Start	Start-byte		0x68	Data Link
2	L-Field	Telegram length	If packet is longer than 255 then both L-fields should be added, otherwise the L-fields are the same.	0x45	
3	L-field	Telegram length		0x45	
4	Start	Start-byte		0x68	
5	C-Field	SND_NR		0x44	
6	A-Field	Primary addressing	0xFD = Use secondary addressing	0xFD	
7	CI-Field	Long header (0x72)		0x72	Transport
8	ID-Field	Identification number (LSB)	Example: 33221100	0x00	
9	ID-Field	Identification number		0x11	
10	ID-Field	Identification number		0x22	
11	ID-Field	Identification number (MSB)		0x33	
12	Manufacturer	Manufacturer code (LSB)	LAS	0x33	
13	Manufacturer	Manufacturer code (MSB)		0x30	
14	Version	Version		0x07	

15	Type	Device type		0x1B		
16	Acc.	Access number		0x01		
17	Status	Errors and alerts	Example: Low battery	0x04		
18	Config.	Configuration field	Example: Encryption off	0x00		
19	Config.	Configuration field		0x00		
20	ID-Field	DIF	8-digit BCD	0x0C		Application
21	ID-Field	VIF	Fabrication number	0x78		
22	ID-Field	Gateway serial number (LSB)	Example: 00000008	0x08		
23	ID-Field	Gateway serial number		0x00		
24	ID-Field	Gateway serial number		0x00		
25	ID-Field	Gateway serial number (MSB)		0x00		
26	DR1	DIF	32-bit integer	0x04	Number of total packets transmitted over MQTT since power up	
27	DR1	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
28	DR1	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
29	DR1	Value (LSB)	Example: 65793 (0x010101)	0x01		
31	DR1	Value		0x01		
32	DR1	Value		0x01		
33	DR1	Value (MSB)		0x00		
34	DR2	DIF	16-bit integer + Extension	0x82	Used routing slots	
35	DR2	DIFE	Subunit 1	0x40		
36	DR2	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
37	DR2	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
38	DR2	Value (LSB)	Example: 521 (0x0209)	0x09		
39	DR2	Value (MSB)		0x02		
40	DR3	DIF	16-bit integer	0x02	Software version of gateway	
41	DR3	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
42	DR3	VIFE	Version	0x0F		
43	DR3	Value (LSB)	Example: 120 (0x0078)	0x78		
44	DR3	Value (MSB)		0x00		
45	DR4	DIF	8-bit integer + Extension	0x81	Is the bridge listening now? (1=Yes, 0=NO)	
46	DR4	DIFE	Subunit 2	0x80		
47	DR4	DIFE	Subunit 2	0x40		
48	DR4	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
49	DR4	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
50	DR4	Value	Example: Yes (0x01)	0x01	Seconds to mode change	
51	DR5	DIF	32-bit integer + Extension	0x84		
52	DR5	DIFE	Subunit 3	0xC0		
53	DR5	DIFE	Subunit 3	0x40		
54	DR5	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
55	DR5	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
56	DR5	Value (LSB)	Example: 5803 (0x000016AB)	0xAB		
57	DR5	Value		0x16		
58	DR5	Value		0x00		
59	DR5	Value (MSB)		0x00		
60	DR6	DIF	16-bit integer + Storage 1	0x42	Value on parameter “Listen timer”	
61	DR6	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
62	DR6	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
63	DR6	Value (LSB)	Example: 20 (0x0014)	0x14		
64	DR6	Value (MSB)		0x00		

65	DR7	DIF	16-bit integer + Extension	0x82	Value on parameter “Pause timer”	Application
66	DR7	DIFE	Storage 2	0x01		
67	DR7	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
68	DR7	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
69	DR7	Value (LSB)	Example: 1420 (0x058C)	0x8C		
70	DR7	Value (MSB)		0x05		
71	DR8	DIF	8-bit integer + Storage + Extension	0xC1	Which weekdays the gateway is listening	
72	DR8	DIFE	Storage 3	0x01		
73	DR8	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
74	DR8	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
75	DR8	Value	Example: Mondays Note: See Table 1 for more info.	0x02		
76	DR9	DIF	16-bit integer + Extension	0x82	Value on parameter “Start time”, shown as minutes after midnight	
77	DR9	DIFE	Storage 4	0x02		
78	DR9	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
79	DR9	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
80	DR9	Value (LSB)	Example: 10:01 (0x0259)	0x59		
81	DR9	Value (MSB)		0x02		
82	DR10	DIF	48-bit integer	0x06	Current time	
83	DR10	VIF	Time Type I format	0x6D		
84	DR10	Current Time	Example: 2001-0101 00:01:02	0x02		
85	DR10	Current Time		0x01		
86	DR10	Current Time		0xC0		
87	DR10	Current Time		0x01		
88	DR10	Current Time		0x01		
89	DR10	Current Time		0x00		
90	DR11	DIF	16-bit integer	0x02	Current battery level	
91	DR11	DIFE	Extension table	0xFD		
92	DR11	VIF	Voltage (mV)	0x46		
93	DR11	Value (LSB)	Example: 3600 (0x0E10)	0x10		
94	DR11	Value (MSB)		0x0E		
95	DR12	DIF	Variable Length	0xCD	IMEI number	
96	DR12	DIFE	Storage 5	0x02		
97	DR12	VIFE	Extension table	0xFD		
98	DR12	VIF	Dimensionless	0x3A		
99	DR12	LVAR	IMEI string length (15 bytes)	0x0F		
100	DR12	IMEI Ascii string (LSB)	Example: 012345678901234	0x34		
101	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x33		
102	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x32		
103	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x31		
104	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x30		
105	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x39		
106	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x38		
107	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x37		
108	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x36		
109	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x35		
110	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x34		
111	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x33		
112	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x32		
113	DR12	IMEI Ascii string		0x31		
114	DR12	IMEI Ascii string (MSB)		0x30		

115	DR13	DIF	Variable Length	0x8D	ICCID number of SIM-card number	Application
116	DR13	DIFE	Storage 6	0x03		
117	DR13	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
118	DR13	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
119	DR13	LVAR	ICCID string length (19-20 bytes)	0x14		
120	DR13	ICCID Ascii string (LSB)	Example: 01234567890123456789	0x39		
121	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x38		
122	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x37		
123	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x36		
124	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x35		
125	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x34		
126	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x33		
127	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x32		
128	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x31		
129	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x30		
130	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x39		
131	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x38		
132	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x37		
133	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x36		
134	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x35		
135	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x34		
136	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x33		
137	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x32		
138	DR13	ICCID Ascii string		0x31		
139	DR13	ICCID Ascii string (MSB)		0x30		
140	DR14	DIF	8-bit integer	0x01	RSSI in the LTE M1 network	
141	DR14	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
142	DR14	VIFE	RSSI	0x71		
143	DR14	Value	Example: -71 Note: Calculate this value as two's (2's) complement	0xB9	Hardware model	
144	DR15	DIF	8-bit integer	0x01		
145	DR15	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
146	DR15	VIFE	Model version	0x0C		
147	DR15	Value	Example: 0x01	0x01	Hardware version	
148	DR16	DIF	8-bit integer	0x01		
149	DR16	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
150	DR16	VIFE	Hardware version	0x0D		
151	DR16	Value	Example: 0x01	0x01	On time (days) since powerup	
152	DR17	DIF	16-bit integer	0x02		
153	DR17	VIF	On time days	0x23		
154	DR17	Value (LSB)	Example: 2051	0x03		
155	DR17	Value (MSB)		0x08		
156	DR18	DIF	32-bit integer	0x04	Number of seconds for which the modem has been active	
157	DR18	VIF	Operating time seconds	0x24		
158	DR18	Value (LSB)	Example: 9173511 seconds (0x008BFA07)	0x07		
159	DR18	Value		0xFA		
160	DR18	Value		0x8B		
161	DR18	Value (MSB)		0x00		

162	DR19	DIF	32-bit integer + Extension	0x84	Number of seconds for which the wM-Bus radio has been in listen mode	Application
163	DR19	DIFE	Subunit 1	0x40		
164	DR19	VIF	Operating time seconds	0x24		
165	DR19	Value (LSB)	Example: 9173511 seconds (0x008BFA07)	0x07		
166	DR19	Value		0xFA		
167	DR19	Value		0x8B		
168	DR19	Value (MSB)		0x00		
169	DR20	DIF	8-bit integer + Storage + Extension	0xC1	Shows which weekday(s) gateway will upload data	
170	DR20	DIFE	Storage 7	0x03		
171	DR20	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
172	DR20	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
173	DR20	Value	Example: Monday + Wednesday Note: Refer to Table 1 .	0x0A		
174	DR21	DIF	16-bit integer + Extension	0x82	The time for which the modem will upload stored data, shown as minutes after midnight	
175	DR21	DIFE	Storage 8	0x04		
176	DR21	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
177	DR21	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
178	DR21	Value (LSB)	Example: 00:30	0x1E		
179	DR21	Value (MSB)		0x00		
180	DR22	DIF	16-bit integer + Extension + storage	0xC2	The interval for which the modem will upload data	
181	DR22	DIFE	Storage 9	0x04		
182	DR22	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
183	DR22	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
184	DR22	Value (LSB)	Example: 30 minutes	0x1E		
185	DR22	Value (MSB)		0x00		
186	DR23	DIF	16-bit integer + Extension	0x82	Number of NTP server connection retries since last successful NTP connection	
187	DR23	DIFE	Storage 5	0x05		
188	DR23	VIF	Extension table	0xFD		
189	DR23	VIFE	Dimensionless	0x3A		
190	DR23	Value (LSB)	Example: 5	0x05		
191	DR23	Value (MSB)		0x00		

Table 1: Bit representation for days when gateway is listening

Bit	Info
0 (0x01)	Sunday
1 (0x02)	Monday
2 (0x04)	Tuesday
3 (0x08)	Wednesday
4 (0x10)	Thursday
5 (0x20)	Friday
6 (0x40)	Saturday
7 (0x80)	NOT USED

Ready-for-conf packet

The *Ready-for-conf* packet is sent from the device every time upload of data from gateway is finished to MQTT. This indicates that the gateway is ready for configuration via MQTT.

The packet is always sent to the topic **LAS/W/I/12345678** where 12345678 is the serial number of the gateway.

Byte No.	Field Name	Content	Info	Byte data (example)	Layer
1	Start	Start-byte		0x68	Data Link
2	L-Field	Telegram length	If packet is longer than 255 then both L-fields should be added, otherwise the L-fields are the same.	0x45	
3	L-field	Telegram length		0x45	
4	Start	Start-byte		0x68	
5	C-Field	SND_NR		0x44	
6	A-Field	Primary addressing	0xFD = Use secondary addressing	0xFD	
7	CI-Field	Long header (0x72)		0x72	Transport
8	ID-Field	Identification number (LSB)	Example: 33221100	0x00	
9	ID-Field	Identification number		0x11	
10	ID-Field	Identification number		0x22	
11	ID-Field	Identification number (MSB)		0x33	
12	Manufacturer	Manufacturer code (LSB)	LAS	0x33	
13	Manufacturer	Manufacturer code (MSB)		0x30	
14	Version	Version		0x07	
15	Type	Device type		0x1B	
16	Acc.	Access number		0x01	
17	Status	Errors and alerts	Example: Low battery	0x04	
18	Config.	Configuration field	Example: Encryption off	0x00	
19	Config.	Configuration field		0x00	

Indications of a gateway

The device can use both visual indications (LED) and sound indications to show what is currently happening, e.g., how the startup sequence is going or if there are any errors after startup.

Visual and sound indications during startup sequence of a gateway

Start by powering the device. The following will occur during startup:

- 1 Buzzer beeps 10 times fast and the green LED flashes, both with the same speed.
When the beeping stops, the green LED turns off.
- 2 The blue LED turns on and is only on for about 60-90 seconds. During this time, the internal flash memory is cleared.
- 3 When the internal flash memory is cleared, the device beeps one time, the blue LED turns off and the green LED turns on. This indicates that the startup sequence is completed.
- 4 The device starts listening for incoming wM-Bus data. For each packet received, the blue LED flashes. During the first 3-4 minutes after the startup sequence is complete, the device accepts configuration data, for example, by using a Lansen configuration dongle (LAN-WMBUS-D1/D2-TC).
- 5 The modem tries to connect to the MQTT server using the settings in the device.
Note: It is important that all settings are entered correctly in step 4 for the device to be successful in this step.

Visual indications in active mode (startup sequence completed)

After the startup sequence, see previous chapter, a gateway use LEDs to indicate different things, see table below. There are LEDs both on the larger bottom card (carrier PCB) and the smaller top card (modem card PCB).

LED color	Location	Behavior	Meaning
Green	Carrier PCB	Steady on	The device has power.
Blue	Carrier PCB	Quick flash	A packet was received by the wM-Bus radio.
Red	Carrier PCB	Steady on	The device has an active connection to the MQTT server.
Red	Modem card PCB	Flash every 3 seconds	The device is sending data.
Red	Modem card PCB	Flash every 800 ms (0.8 seconds)	Not registered to a network.
Red	Modem card PCB	Flash every 300 ms (0.3 seconds)	Registered to a network.

Note: For battery version the LED indication will be turned off after 15 minutes to save power. Only a red LED flash every minute will indicate the device is operating. The indication will be active again for 15 minutes if waking the device using a magnet.

Connection sequence to MQTT for uploading data (Battery Gateway)

This chapter describes the connection sequence for a battery-operated gateway.

Note: The setting '*Always connected to MQTT*' must not be set on a battery-operated gateway.

- 1 The modem is started and immediately searches for an LTE M1 network.
- 2 When an LTE-M1 network is found, the APN server is retrieved from the network and stored in a temporary memory.
- 3 The modem then connects to the NTP server as specified by the customer.
The default NTP server is pool.ntp.org unless it has been changed.
- 4 The modem then tries to connect to the MQTT server.
- 5 If the connection is successful, then the RED LED on the carrier card (bottom PCB) is turned on and the gateway starts uploading all stored meter data in its internal flash memory to the MQTT server.
- 6 When the upload is complete, the gateway register itself to receive configuration data from the MQTT server using address LAN/W/C/01234567, where 01234567 is the ID number of the gateway.
- 7 Once ready to receive configuration data, the gateway will listen to incoming MQTT configuration data by default for 30 seconds.
It is possible to extend this time by sending a command to the gateway. Refer to section **Connecting and working with Lansen Configurator (battery gateway)** to change configuration time.
- 8 Once the configuration time is up, the gateway turns off the modem completely and waits until it is time to upload data again.

Connection sequence to MQTT for uploading data (Mains Gateway)

This chapter describes the connection sequence for a mains-operated gateway. In this example, the setting '*Always connected to MQTT*' is set to be active.

- 1 The modem is started and immediately searches for an LTE M1 network.
- 2 When an LTE-M1 network is found, the APN server is retrieved from the network and stored in a temporary memory. **Note:** For GPRS, the APN must be entered manually as a setting to the gateway.
- 3 The modem then connects to the NTP server as specified by the customer.
The default NTP server is pool.ntp.org unless it has been changed.
- 4 The modem then tries to connect to the MQTT server.
- 5 If the connection is successful, then the RED LED on the carrier card (bottom PCB) is turned on and the gateway starts uploading all stored meter data in its internal flash memory to the MQTT server.
- 6 When the upload is complete, the gateway registers itself to receive configuration data from the MQTT server using address LAN/W/C/01234567, where 01234567 is the ID number of the gateway.
- 7 Since the setting '*Always connected to MQTT*' is active, the gateway will keep the connection to the MQTT server active and transmit data immediately when it's picked up on the wM-Bus radio interface. The configuration interface will also be active all the time so that configuration can be made using the MQTT interface.

Notes regarding SIM-card and PIN

The device supports either an eSIM or a full-size SIM-card. If eSIM is required then the SIM must be mounted during production, thus must be ordered in advance.

The SIM card must not have any PIN code, therefore the PIN must be inactivated.

For improved security, the SIM-card should be locked to the specific modem using the network provider webservice or similar.

There is usually also an option to lock the SIM-card to the first device it is powered up in.

Notes regarding gateway antennas

Different variants of the device come with different setups of the antennas, where it uses either internal or external antennas on either the wM-Bus or MQTT interface. Typical device name is as below where X1 and X2 is present if the external antenna interface is used. If not present, then the internal antennas are used instead.

LAN	-	WMBUS	-	B4	-	BE/M	-	LR	-	A1/A2	-	(X1)	-	CATM1	-	(X2)
Manufacturer		Input		Device		BE: Battery M: Mains		LR: Long Range		A1: IP40 A2: IP65		<u>Optional</u> External antenna for input (WMBUS)		Output		<u>Optional</u> External antenna for output (CATM1)

Additional information regarding antennas on the gateway:

- The gateway uses one broadband antenna to cover all LTE-M1 bands, either with internal or external antenna.
- If the internal input (wM-Bus) is used, then two internal antennas are used for maximum range in all directions. The wM-Bus radio listens using one antenna at a time and change antenna every 25-35 seconds.

Power consumption

The device has four main power consumption modes with typical consumption as seen in the table below.

Mode	Current consumption
Sleeping, only the time clock is running.	20uA
Radio for wM-Bus active and receiving data.	12 mA
Modem is active and transmitting data.	150 mA
Modem is on idle, waiting for configuration data.	24 mA
Battery leakage	760 mAh

Note: The status packet contains some information about how much time a device has spent in different modes. Note that all timers reset to 0 on power cycle.

- 1) Total on time since powerup.
- 2) Total active time for the radio (wM-BUS).
- 3) Total time the modem has been on.

Battery lifetime (Battery Gateway)

Since the battery driven gateway has a large super capacitor to assist the battery, it is hard to measure the true battery voltage to determine the service life left on the device. One method to determine the lifetime to get an early warning is by using calculations based on how long the device has spent in the different modes as defined in chapter **Power consumption**.

Note: The total battery capacity of the battery is 38,000 mAh.

EXAMPLE

The device has been running for 1 year and we want to know the remaining lifetime with the same usage as the first year. The settings and the total time in different modes of the device has been as follows:

Setting:

- Modem uploads data every day.
- Radio (wM-Bus) active 15 minutes/day.
- Total on time since powerup 365 days.
- Radio (wM-Bus) active 328,500 seconds (15 minutes per day for 365 days).
- Modem active 21900 seconds (one minute per day for 365 days).

To get the power consumption for each mode, the equation below is used.

$$powerConsumption = timeInSeconds \cdot currentConsumption$$

Sleeping mode power consumption:

Total on time since powerup is 365 days. Convert this to seconds as below.

$$timeInSeconds = 365 \text{ days} \cdot 24 \text{ h/day} \cdot 60 \text{ min/h} \cdot 60 \text{ sec/m} = 31,536,000s$$

The current consumption, according to chapter **Power consumption**, when the device is sleeping is 20 uA. Inserting the time calculated above with the power consumption in the first equation gives:

$$totalPowerConsumption = 31,536,000 \text{ s} \cdot 20 \mu A = 630,720,000 \mu As = 630,720 \text{ mAs}$$

Convert this value to mAh by dividing the result by 3600.

$$consumptionSleeping = \frac{630,720 \text{ mAs}}{3600} = 175.2 \text{ mAh}$$

Radio (wM-Bus) active power consumption:

Total time is already in seconds so we can calculate the total power consumption immediately since the power consumption when a radio is active is 12 mA, according to chapter **Power consumption**.

$$totalPowerConsumption = 328,500 \text{ s} \cdot 12 \text{ mA} = 3,942,000 \text{ mAs}$$

Convert this value to mAh by dividing the result by 3600.

$$consumptionRadio = \frac{3,942,000 \text{ mAs}}{3600} = 1095 \text{ mAh}$$

Modem active power consumption

Total time is already in seconds so we can calculate the total power consumption immediately since the power consumption when a radio is active is 160 mA, according to chapter **Power consumption**.

$$totalPowerConsumption = 21,900 \text{ s} \cdot 160 \text{ mA} = 3,504,000 \text{ mAs}$$

Convert this value to mAh by dividing the result by 3600.

$$consumptionModem = \frac{3,504,000 \text{ mAs}}{3600} = 973.3 \text{ mAh}$$

Battery leakage:

The battery leakage is 760 mAh, according to chapter **Power consumption**.

+9

Total consumption year 1:

$$\begin{aligned} totalPowerConsumption &= consumptionSleeping + consumptionRadio + consumptionModem + batteryLeakage \\ &= 175 + 1095 + 973 + 760 = 3\,003 \text{ mAh} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the device has used 3003 mAh in one year. This means that the current available capacity left is:

$$availableCapacity = 38,000 \text{ mAh} - 3003 \text{ mAh} = 34,997 \text{ mAh}$$

To get expected lifetime left, we take the above calculation and divide by the *totalPowerConsumption* after a year.

$$expectedLifetime = availableCapacity / totalPowerConsumption = 34,997 \text{ mAh} / 3003 \text{ mAh} = 11.65 \text{ years}$$

Using program Lansen Configurator for configuration of the gateway

The Lansen Configurator can be used to configure the gateway via the 868 MHz wM-Bus interface with a Lansen configuration dongle (LAN-WMBUS-D1/D2-TC) or directly via the MQTT server.

Note: To configure the device via the MQTT server, the device must first be connected to the MQTT server which requires all MQTT settings to be set correctly.

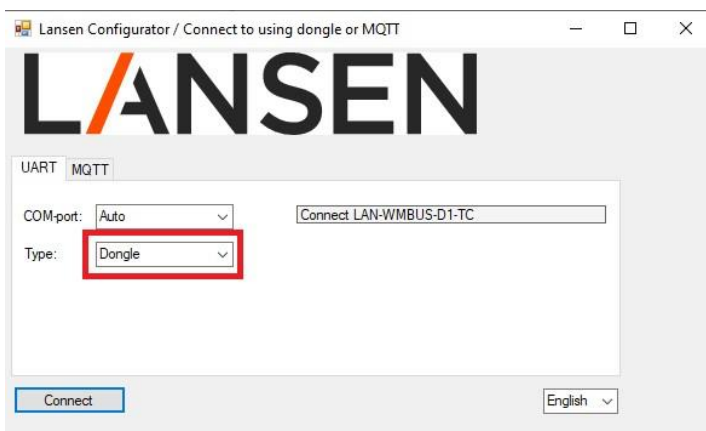
Connect to the gateway over wM-Bus interface using a Lansen USB-dongle

To connect to the gateway using a Lansen configuration dongle (LAN-WMBUS-D1/D2-TC), perform the steps below.

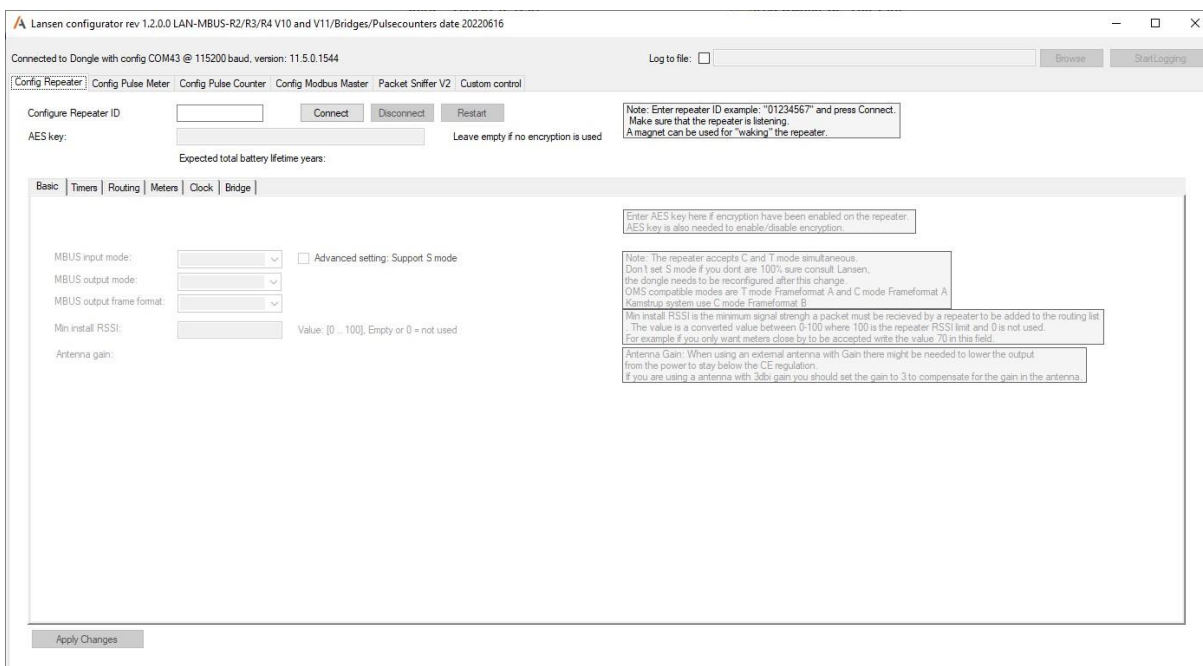
Select the type 'Dongle' and click 'Connect'.

If the program fails to connect to the dongle, try to select the com-port manually by changing the field from 'Auto' to the com-port of the dongle.

If the program still fails, it might be that the computer has failed to download the correct driver. In this case, visit our webpage (<https://www.lansen.io/download/>) and download the corresponding driver for the dongle you have.



The below window is shown once the connection to the dongle is successful.



In the sniffer tab, Packet Sniffer V2, you can see all the devices in the area as picked up by the dongle.

Id	Time	RSSI	Length	Man (LLA)	Serial (LLA)	Ver (LLA)	Type (LLA)	Last routed by (RP)	Hop (RP)	RX state (RP)	Time to change (RP)	Relative RSSI (RP)
84	2023-02-06 13:50:48:468	-46	47	AAA	00000257	07h	Room sensor					
85	2023-02-06 13:50:49:291	-57	79	LAS	04002246	03h	Carbon dioxide					
86	2023-02-06 13:50:49:724	-39	47	AAA	00000258	07h	Room sensor					
87	2023-02-06 13:50:50:022	-53	90	LAS	00000007	0Ah	Smoke detector					
88	2023-02-06 13:50:50:289	-42	19	KAM	73003360	04h	Unidirect repeater					
89	2023-02-06 13:50:50:346	-42	63	DME	53732003	41h	Heat outlet					
90	2023-02-06 13:50:50:729	-46	47	AAA	00000259	07h	Room sensor					
91	2023-02-06 13:50:50:941	-82	47	LAS	00079871	09h	Room sensor					
92	2023-02-06 13:50:51:729	-39	47	AAA	00000260	07h	Room sensor					
93	2023-02-06 13:50:51:772	-38	107	LAS	00070194	1Eh	Com controller	00070194	0	True	0	
94	2023-02-06 13:50:51:973	-79	47	LAS	00079877	09h	Room sensor					
95	2023-02-06 13:50:52:053	-84	47	LAS	00079874	09h	Room sensor					
96	2023-02-06 13:50:52:482	-58	90	LAS	00000006	0Ah	Smoke detector					
97	2023-02-06 13:50:52:718	-46	47	AAA	00000261	07h	Room sensor					
98	2023-02-06 13:50:53:729	-39	47	AAA	00000262	07h	Room sensor					
99	2023-02-06 13:50:54:718	-46	47	AAA	00000263	07h	Room sensor					
100	2023-02-06 13:50:55:630	-66	31	EGA	00000018	05h	Room sensor					
101	2023-02-06 13:50:55:729	-39	47	AAA	00000264	07h	Room sensor					
102	2023-02-06 13:50:56:727	-46	47	AAA	00000265	07h	Room sensor					
103	2023-02-06 13:50:57:177	-50	31	LAS	03007384	07h	Leakage detector					
104	2023-02-06 13:50:57:735	-39	47	AAA	00000266	07h	Room sensor					
105	2023-02-06 13:50:58:379	-90	31	SEN	30390952	68h	Water					
106	2023-02-06 13:50:58:805	-57	46	LAS	02001964	07h	Room sensor					
107	2023-02-06 13:50:58:971	-46	47	AAA	00000267	07h	Room sensor					
108	2023-02-06 13:50:58:989	-80	47	LAS	00079872	09h	Room sensor					
109	2023-02-06 13:50:59:782	-53	90	LAS	00000007	0Ah	Smoke detector					
110	2023-02-06 13:50:59:977	-39	47	AAA	00000268	07h	Room sensor					
111	2023-02-06 13:51:00:425	-44	37	BMT	15176158	05h	Water					
112	2023-02-06 13:51:00:608	-34	79	HYD	48198072	24h	Cold water					

- To configure a gateway, go to the tab called “Config Repeater/Bridge” and enter the eight-digit serial number, visible on the label of the gateway, either on the poke protection or on the front of the device.
- Click ‘Connect’. The program will start connecting to the gateway and read out all its data. The process takes 20-60 seconds.
- If the program is unable to connect, make sure that the gateway is not sleeping and that the gateway and dongle are at least 1 meter apart, so the radio signal isn’t too strong. If the gateway is sleeping, then you can wake the gateway using a magnet to the left of the front label. Then click ‘Connect’ again.

If encryption is enabled on the gateway, then a valid AES-key must be entered in the field marked below, when connecting, to change settings. Note that it is always possible to read out all settings without the AES-key except for MQTT settings that will only show the first letter of each setting.

Connect to the gateway over MQTT interface using Lansen Configurator

Start the Lansen Configurator and select the tab MQTT, as seen below, and enter the settings to the MQTT server to connect via the MQTT server. Example settings can be seen in the picture below.

Host: MQTT server address, for example, my.mqtt.server.

Port: Port number to MQTT server. Typical 8883 for non-encrypted connection.

TLS: Enter if TLS should be used in the connection between Lansen Configurator and the MQTT server.

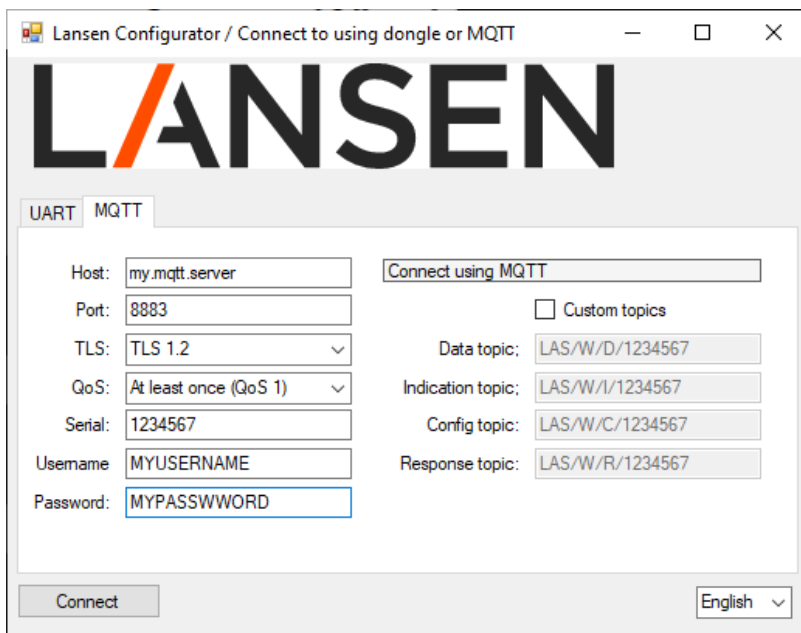
QoS: Typically set to 'At least once (QoS 1)', depending on your MQTT server the value might need to be changed.

Serial: The serial number of the gateway, for example, 01234567.

Username: The username to connect to the MQTT server.

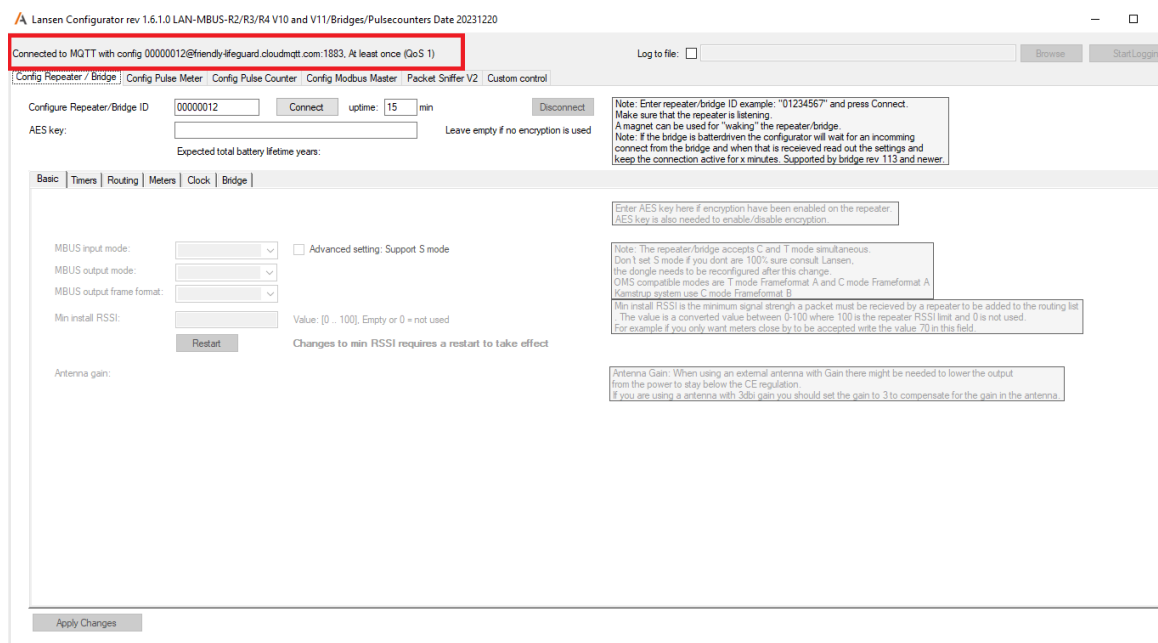
Password: The password to connect to the MQTT server.

When everything is filled in, click 'Connect'.



The screenshot shows the 'Lansen Configurator / Connect to using dongle or MQTT' window. The 'MQTT' tab is selected. The 'Host' field contains 'my.mqtt.server', 'Port' is '8883', 'TLS' is 'TLS 1.2', 'QoS' is 'At least once (QoS 1)', 'Serial' is '1234567', 'Username' is 'MYUSERNAME', and 'Password' is 'MYPASSWORD'. On the right, there are fields for 'Data topic' (LAS/W/D/1234567), 'Indication topic' (LAS/W/I/1234567), 'Config topic' (LAS/W/C/1234567), and 'Response topic' (LAS/W/R/1234567). A 'Connect using MQTT' button is present, along with a 'Custom topics' checkbox. At the bottom, there is a 'Connect' button and a language dropdown set to 'English'.

If everything works, then you are now connected to the MQTT server. In the example below, connection has been made with serial number 0000012 to the MQTT server friendly-lifeguard.cloudmqtt.com.



The screenshot shows the main interface of the Lansen Configurator. At the top, a status bar indicates 'Connected to MQTT with config 00000012@friendlylifeguard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)'. Below this, the 'Configure Repeater / Bridge' tab is active. The 'Configure Repeater/Bridge ID' field contains '00000012', and the 'uptime' is '15 min'. The 'AES key' field is empty. The 'Expected total battery lifetime years' is '0'. The 'Antenna gain' is '0'. The 'Basic' tab is selected, showing various settings for the repeater/bridge, including 'MBUS input mode', 'MBUS output mode', 'MBUS output frame format', 'Min install RSSI', and 'Antenna gain'. The 'Apply Changes' button is at the bottom left.

In the sniffer tab, Packet Sniffer V2, one will see all data that are transmitted by the gateway over the MQTT interface.

Lansen Configurator rev 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00000012@friendlyifeguard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file: ☐

Config Repeater / Bridge | Config Pulse Meter | Config Pulse Counter | Config Modbus Master | **Packet Sniffer V2** | Custom control

Id	Time	RSSI	Length	Man (LLA)	Serial (LLA)	Ver (LLA)	Type (LLA)	Last routed by (RP)	Hop (RP)	RX state (RP)	Time to change (RP)	Relative RSSI (RP)
33	2024-03-21 08:08:01:000	-66	30	LAS	00159185	07h	Leakage detector	20202020	0	False	0	
34	2024-03-21 08:08:01:000	-84	30	LAS	00159219	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
35	2024-03-21 08:08:02:000	-52	75	LAS	00000007	0Ah	Smoke detector		0	False	0	<0
36	2024-03-21 08:08:02:000	-77	30	LAS	00159189	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
37	2024-03-21 08:08:02:000	-47	75	LAS	00000006	0Ah	Smoke detector		0	False	0	<0
38	2024-03-21 08:08:03:000	-63	62	DME	53732003	41h	Heat outlet		0	False	0	<0
39	2024-03-21 08:08:04:000	-77	30	LAS	00159218	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
40	2024-03-21 08:08:05:000	-83	30	LAS	00159163	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
41	2024-03-21 08:08:05:000	-79	30	LAS	00163119	0Bh	Electricity		0	False	0	<0
42	2024-03-21 08:08:06:000	-68	87	BMT	15701507	10h	Room sensor		0	False	0	<0
43	2024-03-21 08:08:09:000	-83	30	LAS	00159226	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
44	2024-03-21 08:08:10:000	-77	46	LAS	00160664	09h	Room sensor		0	False	0	<0
45	2024-03-21 08:08:10:000	-80	30	LAS	00159200	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
46	2024-03-21 08:08:11:000	-93	30	LAS	00159188	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
47	2024-03-21 08:08:11:000	-74	30	LAS	00163206	0Bh	Electricity		0	False	0	<0
48	2024-03-21 08:08:13:000	-84	30	LAS	00159171	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
49	2024-03-21 08:08:13:000	-98	30	LAS	00159160	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
50	2024-03-21 08:08:14:000	-65	30	LAS	00159160	07h	Leakage detector	20202020	0	False	0	
51	2024-03-21 08:08:15:000	-91	30	LAS	00159228	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
52	2024-03-21 08:08:16:000	-72	78	LAS	00042582	0Ah	VOC sensor		0	False	0	<0
53	2024-03-21 08:08:17:000	-81	30	LAS	00159212	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
54	2024-03-21 08:08:17:000	-54	30	LAS	00000090	00h	Door/window		0	False	0	<0
55	2024-03-21 08:08:17:000	-87	30	LAS	00159208	07h	Leakage detector		0	False	0	<0
56	2024-03-21 08:08:19:000	-91	78	LAS	00162413	0Ah	VOC sensor		0	False	0	<0
57	2024-03-21 08:08:20:000	-50	30	LAS	00000091	00h	Door/window		0	False	0	<0
58	2024-03-21 08:08:20:000	-66	181	LAS	00128923	1Eh	Com controller	20202020	0	False	0	
59	2024-03-21 08:08:20:000	-66	30	LAS	00163098	0Bh	Electricity		0	False	0	<0
60	2024-03-21 08:08:21:000	-86	30	LAS	00163185	0Bh	Electricity		0	False	0	<0
61	2024-03-21 08:08:21:000	-80	30	LAS	00163186	0Bh	Electricity		0	False	0	<0

Autoscroll ☒ Only Latest Data ☐
☐ Filter Meters
☐ Filter Routed By

Meters Routed By Columns Keys

Filtered: Identity Type

- ☒ LAS 00163189 Electricity
- ☐ IST 84080118 Water
- ☐ LAS 00159230 Leakage detector
- ☐ LAS 00000007 Smoke detector
- ☐ EGD 60004325 Room sensor
- ☐ LAS 00159195 Leakage detector
- ☐ LAS 00163208 Electricity
- ☐ LAS 00159202 Leakage detector
- ☐ LAS 00159197 Leakage detector
- ☐ LAS 02001479 Room sensor
- ☐ LAS 11111111 Carbon dioxide
- ☐ LAS 00163038 Carbon dioxide
- ☐ LAS 00000014 Room sensor
- ☐ LAS 20202020 Unidirect repeater
- ☐ LAS 00159147 Leakage detector
- ☐ LAS 00159149 Leakage detector
- ☐ LAS 00159194 Leakage detector
- ☐ LAS 00159229 Leakage detector
- ☐ LAS 00163192 Electricity
- ☐ LAS 00000002 Room sensor
- ☐ LAS 00116517 Room sensor
- ☐ LAS 00000012 Com controller
- ☐ LAS 00159206 Leakage detector
- ☐ LAS 00163110 Electricity
- ☐ LAS 02000480 Room sensor
- ☐ Wm 00100070 Cold water

To change the settings to the gateway one must first connect to the gateway. This is done by clicking 'Connect' and then all settings will be retrieved from the gateway and displayed in the program.

Lansen Configurator rev 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00000012@friendlyifeguard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file: ☐

Config Repeater / Bridge | Config Pulse Meter | Config Pulse Counter | Config Modbus Master | **Packet Sniffer V2** | Custom control

Configure Repeater/Bridge ID: 00000012 min

AES key: Leave empty if no encryption is used

Expected total battery lifetime years:

Basic | Timers | Routing | Meters | Clock | Bridge

MBUS input mode: ☐ Advanced setting: Support S mode

MBUS output mode:

MBUS output frame format:

Min install RSSI: Value: [0 .. 100], Empty or 0 = not used

Changes to min RSSI requires a restart to take effect

Antenna gain:

Note: Enter repeater/bridge ID example: "01234567" and press Connect. Make sure that the repeater is listening. A magnet can be used for "waking" the repeater/bridge. Note: If the bridge is batterydriven the configurator will wait for an incoming connect from the bridge and when that is received read out the settings and keep the connection active for x minutes. Supported by bridge rev 1.15 and newer.

Enter AES key here if encryption have been enabled on the repeater. AES key is also needed to enable/disable encryption.

Note: The repeater/bridge accepts C and T mode simultaneous. Don't set S mode if you don't are 100% sure consult Lansen, the dongle needs to be reconfigured after this change. OMS compatible modes are T mode Frameformat A and C mode Frameformat A. Kamstrup system use C mode Frameformat B.

Min install RSSI is the minimum signal strength a packet must be received by a repeater to be added to the routing list. The value is a converted value between 0-100 where 100 is the repeater RSSI limit and 0 is not used. For example if you only want meters close by to be accepted write the value 70 in the field.

Antenna Gain: When using an external antenna with Gain there might be needed to lower the output from the power to stay below the CE regulation. If you are using a antenna with 3dbi gain you should set the gain to 3 to compensate for the gain in the antenna.

Configuration settings for a gateway

This chapter is the same regardless if the connection has been made using the wM-Bus interface (see chapter **Connect to the gateway over wM-Bus interface using a Lansen USB-dongle** or the MQTT interface (see chapter **Connect to the gateway over MQTT interface**).

Once connected to a gateway, the different settings can be seen in the different tabs called *Basic*, *Timers*, *Routing*, *Meters*, *Clock*, and *Bridge*.

The screenshot shows the 'Lansen Konfigurator rev 1.2.1.2 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 und V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Datum 20230131' window. It is connected to a dongle with config COM43 at 115200 baud. The 'Basic' tab is selected, showing settings for Repeater ID (00069198), AES key, and various MBUS modes. The 'Encryption' dropdown is set to 'No encryption enabled' (green). Other settings like 'MBUS input mode' (TC), 'MBUS output mode' (C), and 'Min install RSSI' (0) are also visible. A 'Apply Changes' button is at the bottom.

When a setting is changed, it changes color from green to red. To send the setting to the gateway click *Apply Changes*.

When a setting is successfully received by the gateway, it responds either with the new setting, if the setting was accepted, or the old setting, if the setting was not acceptable. The changed setting will then change back to green.

This screenshot shows the same 'Lansen Konfigurator' window, but after a change. The 'Encryption' dropdown is now red, indicating a pending change. The 'MBUS output mode' dropdown is also red. The 'Min install RSSI' field is green. The 'Apply Changes' button is still at the bottom. The interface shows the state where settings are being sent to the gateway.

Settings in the gateway

The following chapter will explain in detail what all the settings that are available mean. Note that all settings in the following chapter are supported by the Ethernet and Gateway.

Basic-tab

This tab contains the so called “basic” parameters of the gateway.

AES key

Note: This option does not affect the encryption of incoming packets from sensors/meters.

This parameter is used to enable/disable the encryption options for a gateway. By default, the gateway is configured to not use encryption. This encryption is NOT used for encrypting incoming data packets from sensors/meters, it is only used for packets sent to the gateway for configuration from for example a LAN-WMBUS-D1/D2-TC configuration device.

Note: The AES key is not needed when configuring the device using an active MQTT connection.

AES key: Leave empty if no encryption is used

Encryption:

No encryption enabled

The different encryption options can be seen by clicking on the arrow marked by a box in the picture above. There are four options available, see table below. To change from one option to another, the correct AES key must be written in the field *AES key*.

Option	Meaning
No encryption enabled	Encryption is not enabled (default). When this option is enabled, the user does not need to write a key in the field <i>AES key</i> to change the other parameters for the GW.
Enabled for configuration	Encryption is enabled. When this option is enabled, the field <i>AES key</i> must contain the correct key for the GW to apply any parameter changes.
Enabled: OMS time sync	This option enables the OMS time sync. This option needs to be enabled if time synchronization should only be allowed if the time synchronization packet is sent encrypted. This packet is sent from the gateway using the OMS time synchronization format.
Enabled: OMS time sync and configuration	This option combines the two options above, i.e., <i>Enabled for configuration</i> and <i>Enabled: OMS time sync</i> .

MBUS mode

These settings are used to set the input and output communication format for the gateway.

MBUS input mode:	TC	<input type="checkbox"/> Advanced setting: Support S mode
MBUS output mode:	C	
MBUS output frame format:	A - Valid for output S	

By default, the gateway always accepts incoming data in C- and T-mode but the output mode can be changed to S-, C-, or T-mode with frame format A or B. Recommended use is:

- Input = TC
- Output = C
- Frame format = A

The gateway can listen for sensors in S-mode by first enabling “Advanced setting” and then setting the input mode to S-mode. Make sure all other configurations of the gateway are done before setting it to S-mode as it will not be able to configure it afterwards (if using the LAN-WMBUS-D1/D2 to configure the device).

Note: If input mode is set to S, it will not be possible to configure the gateway further until the USB-dongle has been configured to send in S-mode. Contact Lansen for more information on how to proceed with this.

Note: If input mode is set to S-mode, then the gateway will not receive C- and T-mode data.

Min install RSSI

This parameter is used to ensure only meters with good signal strength is retransmitted by the gateway.

Min install RSSI:	0	Value: [0 .. 110], Empty or 0 = not used
-------------------	---	--

By using this parameter, one can control the minimum signal strength a meter must be received by the gateway to be added to the internal routing list of the gateway. This can be used in an environment where multiple gateways are deployed. By using this setting, only meters with a good connection to the gateway is handled, thus decreasing the risk for data collision in the air due to less retransmissions by fewer gateways.

Note: A gateway must be restarted after this parameter has changed, otherwise the internal routing list will not be changed. A restart can be performed by disconnecting and connecting the power/battery again or by clicking on *Restart* in Lansen Configurator.

Antenna gain

This setting is used if a gateway has a connected external antenna with a gain.

Antenna gain:	+0 dBi
---------------	--------

Having a large external antenna, especially with a gain, is advantageous since it allows a gateway to have a better reception. However, our gateways are built to send on the maximum allowed output power and using an antenna with gain causes the gateway to transmit with an output power greater than the legal limit.

To counteract this, set this setting to the specified gain on the external antenna and the gateway will lower its output power to match the gain, thus transmitting at the legal limit. This allows the gateway to use the full potential of the antenna when receiving while staying at the legal limit when transmitting.

NOTE: This parameter is only applicable to models which have external antenna on the w-MBus interface (ending with an -X on the label).

Timers-tab

This tab contains parameters for the gateway which are timer-based, such as listen and pause timer. It is also possible to configure if the gateway should wake up on specific days, e.g., Mondays.

Note: The Ethernet gateway does not have all these settings since it is always on due to being mains powered.

Suppression timer

This setting is used to reduce how often packets from each meter is stored by the gateway and the time can be set in either minutes or hours.

Suppression timer: Minutes ▾

Start time

This setting is used to control at what time and how often a gateway should start listening on selected weekdays.

Start time: ☒ ▴ ▾ ▾ on ☒ Mo ☒ Tu ☒ We ☒ Th ☒ Fr ☒ Sa ☒ Su

Every time the gateway wakes up, it listens for data for the duration configured on the setting *Listen/pause timer* and then goes to sleep until it is time to wake up again.

To setup this properly, four options are available. From left to right in the picture above, they mean:

- **Checkbox:** Activate/deactivate this parameter
- **Time field:** Define which time (UTC) the gateway should start listening
- **Period interval:** How often the gateway should start listening
- **Active days:** The gateway will start listening for each checkbox marked

Checkbox

When this checkbox is marked, the parameter **Start time** is active. The gateway will start listening at the time, intervals, and days specified by the next options.

Time field:

The time set in this field indicates what time (UTC) each day the gateway will wake up and store packets. The time defined in this field must be equal or less than the chosen period interval. Furthermore, the gateway will be listening for the time defined in the parameter *Listen/pause timers*.

Period interval:

This option defines how often the gateway will start listening from the time set in the option *Time field*.

Active days:

This option controls which days the gateway is listening on. Simply mark the checkboxes for the days the gateway should be listening and uncheck the others.

Listen/pause timers

This parameter sets how many minutes a gateway should listen for incoming wM-Bus packets and pause (not retransmit). The gateway alternates between these states.

Listen/pause timers: /

The ratio between these two settings will affect the expected lifetime of the battery in the gateway and should be set according to the need for data from meters.

Note: For mains-operated gateway (LAN-WMBUS-B4-M), this parameter can be set to 1/0 (always listening).

Note: This parameter should be the same for all battery-operated repeaters/gateway in the same setup.

Magnet reed timer

Note: This setting is not supported by the ethernet gateway.

This parameter sets how many minutes the gateway is in forced listening mode when a magnet has been used against it. This can be used, for example, when configuration of a gateway is needed or during installation.

Magnet/reed timer:	<input type="text" value="60"/>	Minutes: [0 .. 1000]
--------------------	---------------------------------	----------------------

This mode is activated by using a permanent magnet to the left of the label, on the enclosure. This will cause the gateway to beep and wake up.

During the first minute after using a magnet, a gateway will only listen for configuration packets. This can be used if the gateway is being configured in an area with a lot of sensors. For the rest of the time defined by this parameter, the gateway will retransmit incoming packets as normal with the suppression timer. Once this timer is out, the gateway will go to sleep according to the pause time set on the parameter *Listen/pause timer*.

Monthly reading start time

Note: This setting is not supported by the ethernet gateway.

This setting is a separate timer which is used to wake the gateway at a specific date and time once a month and is useful in systems where meter data is also needed at a specific date and time every month.

Monthly reading start time:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="15:44"/>	on the	<input type="text" value="10th"/>	of each month
Monthly reading listen time:	<input type="text" value="10"/>	Minutes: [0 .. 65000]. 0 = Not used			

Accepted Manufacturer IDs

This parameter is used if the gateway should only store packets from meters with a specific manufacturer code. In other words, this is manufacturer code filtering. This is useful in areas where different companies and manufacturers are active. If all fields are empty, no filtering is done by the gateway and packets from all meters will be stored.

Accepted Manufactur IDs:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	Example: LAS
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

Route messages

This parameter has two options:

- Route only OMS messages: The gateway will only store OMS compatible packets
- Route all messages: The gateway stores both OMS and non-OMS compatible packets

Route messages:	<input type="text" value="Route only OMS messages"/>
-----------------	--

Meters-tab

The settings and options in this tab have to do with the internal routing list of a gateway. In this tab, meters can be viewed, added, and removed as explained in each chapter below.

Automatic meter installation

Automatic meter installation: ☒ YES

When this checkbox is marked, a gateway will automatically add received meters to its internal routing list of maximum 2000 unique meters. If it is not desired to add any more meters or to have full control of which meters are stored by a gateway, uncheck the checkbox.

NOTE: If this setting is disabled and no meters are stored in the internal routing list, then no meters will be stored by the gateway. In this case, meters must be added manually.

Number of meters

Number of meters: 1074 free slots

This field displays how many meters there currently are in the internal routing list of the gateway. On the right-hand side of the field is the currently available number of slots available. To view all the meters in the internal routing list, click on the button **Load all meters**. This will fill up the list on the right-hand side of the program.

Add meter(s) manually to internal routing list

This is where a user can manually add a meter to the internal routing list of a gateway.

Add meter data:

Manufacturer Ex: LAS	Serial number Ex: 01234567
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Add meter(s)

To add a meter to the internal routing list, fill in the manufacturer ID (left field) and the serial number (right field) and click on the button **Add meter(s)**. The meter(s) will then be added to the gateway.

NOTE: Adding meters manually can only be done if the parameter *Automatic meter installation* is disabled.

Add meter(s) from file to internal routing list

Instead of adding a meter one by one, a user can instead import a csv-file with many meters.

Import meter data:

Browse

Import .csv-file

Example CSV file:

ManufacturerCode;IdentificationNumber
LAS;11111111
LAS;22222222

To add a whole file, click on “Browse” and select the csv-file with the meters to be added to the gateway. Once a file has been selected, click “Import csv-file” to start uploading the meters in the file.

Note: The csv-file **MUST** on the first row start with the text **ManufacturerCode;IdentificationNumber** otherwise the file will not be uploaded to the gateway.

Note: Adding meters manually can only be done if the parameter *Automatic meter installation* is disabled.

Delete meter(s)

This is done if one, or several, meters should not be retransmitted by a gateway. To see this list, first click on ‘Load all meters’ to the left of the view below.

To remove all meters, click on the button **Delete all**. This is only possible if *Automatic meter installation* is enabled.

Use the button **Delete selected** if only selected meters should be deleted. Simply mark the meters in the list which are unwanted and click on the button **Delete selected** – the gateway will then remove the selected meters from its internal routing list.

Note: The button **Delete selected** is only enabled when the parameter *Automatic meter installation* is disabled.

Selected	Index	Identity
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	BMT 15176158
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	LAS 12345678
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	LAS 00021194
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	BMT 15701507
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	QDS 90540897
<input type="checkbox"/>	5	BMT 16058030
<input type="checkbox"/>	6	KAM 71008065
<input type="checkbox"/>	7	LAS 00016796
<input type="checkbox"/>	8	LAS 02000480
<input type="checkbox"/>	9	LAS 02001270
<input type="checkbox"/>	10	LAS 00016683
<input type="checkbox"/>	11	LAS 00023491
<input type="checkbox"/>	12	LAS 02001479
<input type="checkbox"/>	13	EGA 00000018
<input type="checkbox"/>	14	LAS 03002052
<input type="checkbox"/>	15	KAM 76720988
<input type="checkbox"/>	16	LAS 02001445
<input type="checkbox"/>	17	EGA 00000017
<input type="checkbox"/>	18	HYD 58504884
<input type="checkbox"/>	19	LAS 02001420
<input type="checkbox"/>	20	EGA 00000019
<input type="checkbox"/>	21	KAM 76720989

This is the list of all meters currently in the repeater.

Remove selected or all meters from the routing list.

Delete selected

Delete all

Clock-tab

This tab shows information about the internal clock of the gateway.

Repeater clock (UTC)	2020-07-03 08:11:55
Clock diff (s):	0
<button>Sync clock with PC</button>	

The upper field, *Repeater clock (UTC)*, displays the internal clock of the gateway as UTC-time while the lower field, *Clock diff (s)*, shows how many seconds the internal clock of the gateway differs from the current clock on the PC.

The gateway keeps synchronization using the configured NTP server so no synchronization with PC is needed. To synchronize the gateway clock to the PC, simply click on the button **Sync clock with PC**.

NOTE: The time synchronization is performed each time the device connects to the internet or every 12 hours. The gateway LAN-WMBUS-B4 has a highly accurate onboard temperature compensated clock for minimum drift and the expected drift is less than 0.5 seconds/day.

Bridge-tab

This tab contains settings on how the gateway should connect and communicate with MQTT. Some of these settings are only applicable for the LTE gateway while others are for the ethernet gateway.

In this tab it is possible to configure the MQTT server addresses. The new setting will come into effect on the next connect to internet or by forcing a new connect to internet by doing a restart. To do a restart, click on the button **Restart** in the *Basic* tab.

Note: When connecting via the LAN-WMBUS-D1/D2-TC dongle and not entering an AES key only the first letter of the MQTT settings will be retrieved.

Important: Make sure that all settings are valid when changes are made on a device in a remote location. If the settings are incorrect then it will not be possible to do any more configurations using the MQTT interface. Make sure that all 4 settings are set correctly, MQTT host, username, password and port since they are sent in the same configuration packet to the gateway. Meaning if only 1 parameter is changed the 3 other parameters are also changed to the current value in the GUI.

LTE gateway specific settings

These settings are only applicable for the LTE gateway and not for the ethernet gateway.

The screenshot shows the 'Basic' tab of the Lansen WM-BUS B4 GW configuration interface. The interface is divided into several sections. On the left, there are input fields for MQTT host, MQTT username, MQTT password, MQTT custom prefix, TLS (set to 'TLS off'), APN, and NTP (set to 'pool.ntp.org'). Below these are checkboxes for 'Modem upload time' (set to 10:36, 24h, on) and 'MQTT always online' (checked 'YES'). The right side contains informational text boxes: 'The MQTT server address IP or DNS address. (recommended to never use fixed IP use DNS Alias instead)', 'Important: if any change is done to any of the 4 MQTT settings all 4 settings must be set again at the same time. Note: When reading out the MQTT settings only the first letter will be shown, for security reason.', 'APN is typical not needed for LTE-M1 since the APN is recieved from the network.', and 'Use DNS address and not fixed IP for best reliability'. Below the text boxes are sections for MCU 1 and MCU 2 hardware and firmware versions, and a 'New FW URL' field. At the bottom, there is an 'Upgrade bridge firmware(s)' button and an 'Apply Changes' button.

MCU 1	HW model:	1	New FW URL:	
	HW version: <td>1</td> <td>New FW version:<td></td></td>	1	New FW version: <td></td>	
	FW version: <td>129</td> <td></td> <td></td>	129		

MCU 2	HW model:	N/A	New FW URL:	
	HW version: <td>N/A<td>New FW version:<td></td></td></td>	N/A <td>New FW version:<td></td></td>	New FW version: <td></td>	
	FW version: <td>N/A</td> <td></td> <td></td>	N/A		

Upgrade bridge firmware(s)

Apply Changes

TLS

It is possible to turn on communication using TLS for the gateway when communicating with the MQTT broker.

APN

It is possible to enter a specific APN, if needed. This setting is always needed when the gateway is configured to use GPRS communication protocol. For LTE, the APN will be retrieved from the network if left empty in the configurator.

NTP

It is possible to setup a specific NTP server if desirable.

Modem upload time

This is the time that the modem will connect to the MQTT server and upload the stored data. If the setting *MQTT always online* is set to yes, this setting has no effect.

Note: Do not set the setting *Modem upload time* to the same value as the listen time under *Listen/pause timer*.

The best solution on a battery driven gateway is to first listen for incoming wM-Bus data then setup the gateway to upload the data later the same day.

Example:

Listen start time = 05:20

Listen time: 30 minutes

Modem Upload time: 06:00

MQTT always online

This means that the gateway will always be connected to the MQTT server. If connection drops it will automatically try to connect again.

Note: NEVER use this option for battery driven gateways since this will drain power really fast.

GPRS enabled:

It is possible to select if GPRS should be used instead of LTE-M1. Checkmark if GPRS should be used. GPRS will be activated on the next connection to the MQTT server. To force a reconnection, it is possible in the Basic tab to press a "restart" button to restart the gateway.

Note: GPRS is not recommended when operating on battery.

Ethernet gateway specific settings

These settings are only applicable for the ethernet gateway and not for the LTE gateway.

MQTT host:	friendly-lifeguard.cloudmqtt.com	on port:	1883
MQTT username:	LAS00000012		
MQTT password:			
MQTT custom prefix:	Not supported		
TLS:	Not supported		
APN:	Not supported		
NTP:	Not supported		
Modem upload time:	Not supported		
MQTT always online:	Not supported		
IP address:	10.72.246.58	Refresh Ethernet settings	
Network mask:	255.255.255.0		
Network status:	Connected to MQTT		
MAC address:	A0:41:00:00:00:0E		
DNS address:	8.8.8.8		
Standard gateway:	10.72.246.1		
DHCP enabled:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		

DHCP enabled:

Turn on or off depending on if DHCP should be used. If DHCP is enabled on the gateway, then IP address and network mask are retrieved from the DHCP server. If DHCP is disabled on the gateway, then IP address and network mask must be manually entered.

IP address

If DHCP is used the current IP address is shown.

If DHCP is not used (static IP) the address entered by the user is shown.

Network mask

If DHCP is used the current Netmask address is shown.

If DHCP is not used (static IP) the Netmask address entered by the user is shown.

Standard gateway

If DHCP is used the current standard gateway address is shown.


If DHCP is not used (static IP) the standard gateway address entered by the user is shown.

Mac address

The unique MAC address is entered in production and cannot be changed.

Network status

The current status of the network is shown in this window.


Lansens Configurator ver 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00000012@friendly-foguard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file: ☐
Browse
StartLogging

Config Repeater / Bridge
Config Pulse Meter
Config Pulse Counter
Config Modbus Master
Packet Sniffer V2
Custom control

Configure Repeater/Bridge ID
Extend
uptime: 15 min
Disconnect

AES key:
Leave empty if no encryption is used

Version: 31.6. HW: 0001h
Expected total battery lifetime years
N/A (Bridge)

Basic

Timers

Routing

Meters

Clock

Bridge

Automatic meter installation: ☐ YES

Automatic: Means all meters that are heard by the repeater are automatically installed in the routing list.
The list is cleared when applying the magnet och when the repeater is restarted.
If not automatic installation is not use; meters can be added manually and the meters in the routing slots will survive restart and when woken up by using the magnet.

Number of meters:
1075 free slots

Load all meters

Load all meters: Will read all meters that are in the routinglist of the repeater

Add meter data:

Manufacturer
Ex: LAS

Serial number
Ex: 01234567

Enter the manufacture code and serialnumber of the meter that you want to add to the routing list.

Add meter(s)

Import meter data:

Browse
Import .csv file

Example CSV file:
ManufacturerCode IdentificationNumber
LAS:11111111
LAS:22222222

Selected
Index
Identity

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	LAS 00159187
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	LAS 00163124
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	LAS 00000003
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	LAS 00162633
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	LAS 00175541
<input type="checkbox"/>	5	LAS 00175440
<input type="checkbox"/>	6	LAS 00175642
<input type="checkbox"/>	7	LAS 00000002
<input type="checkbox"/>	8	LAS 00163125
<input type="checkbox"/>	9	LAS 00159186
<input type="checkbox"/>	10	LAS 00175540
<input type="checkbox"/>	11	LAS 00175441
<input type="checkbox"/>	12	LAS 00175643
<input type="checkbox"/>	15	LAS 00159185
<input type="checkbox"/>	16	LAS 00000001
<input type="checkbox"/>	17	LAS 00163126
<input type="checkbox"/>	18	LAS 96943033
<input type="checkbox"/>	19	LAS 00175543
<input type="checkbox"/>	20	LAS 00175442
<input type="checkbox"/>	21	LAS 00175640
<input type="checkbox"/>	22	LAS 00175741
<input type="checkbox"/>	23	LAS 11111111

This is the list of all meters currently in the repeater.

Removes elected meters from the routing list.
Please note that max 5 meters can be removed at a time.

Delete selected

Remove all meters from the routing list and all data.
Note: The complete clear of memory takes about 60-120 seconds.
Be patient.

Delete all

Apply Changes

Lansen manual for Lansen WM-BUS B4 GW (MQTT) Rev: K Date: 2024-10-02

Lansen Configurator rev 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00000012@friendlyifeguard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file: ☐ [Browse](#) [Start Logging](#)

Config Repeater / Bridge | Config Pulse Meter | Config Pulse Counter | Config Modbus Master | Packet Sniffer V2 | Custom control

Configure Repeater/Bridge ID: 00000012 [Extend](#) uptime: 15 min [Disconnect](#)

AES key: Leave empty if no encryption is used

Version: 31.6, HW: 0001h Expected total battery lifetime years: N/A (Bridge)

Basic | Timers | Routing | Meters | Clock | Bridge

Automatic meter installation: ☒ YES

Automatic: Means all meters that are heard by the repeater are automatically installed in the routing list. The list is cleared when applying the magnet och when the repeater is restarted. If not automatic installation is not use, meters can be added manually and the meters in the routing slots will survive restart and when woken up by using the magnet.

Number of meters: 925 1075 free slots [Load all meters](#) Load all meters: Will read all meters that are in the routinglist of the repeater

Add meter data:

Manufacturer: Ex: LAS Serial number: Ex: 01234567

Enter the manufacture code and serialnumber of the meter that you want to add to the routing list.

Add meter(s)

Import meter data:

Example CSV file: ManufacturerCode:IdentificationNumber
LAS:11111111
LAS:22222222

[Browse](#) [Import csv file](#)

[Apply Changes](#)

Note: Enter repeater/bridge ID example: "01234567" and press Connect. Make sure that the repeater is listening. A magnet can be used for "waking" the repeater/bridge. Note: If the bridge is batterdriven the configurator will wait for an incoming connect from the bridge and when that is received read out the settings and keep the connection active for x minutes. Supported by bridge rev 113 and newer.

This is the list of all meters currently in the repeater.

Selected	Index	Identity
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	LAS 00159187
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	LAS 00163124
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	LAS 00000003
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	LAS 00162633
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	LAS 00175541
<input type="checkbox"/>	5	LAS 00175440
<input type="checkbox"/>	6	LAS 00175642
<input type="checkbox"/>	7	LAS 00000002
<input type="checkbox"/>	8	LAS 00163125
<input type="checkbox"/>	9	LAS 00159186
<input type="checkbox"/>	10	LAS 00175540
<input type="checkbox"/>	11	LAS 00175441
<input type="checkbox"/>	12	LAS 00175643
<input type="checkbox"/>	15	LAS 00159185
<input type="checkbox"/>	16	LAS 00000001
<input type="checkbox"/>	17	LAS 00163126
<input type="checkbox"/>	18	LAS 96943033
<input type="checkbox"/>	19	LAS 00175543
<input type="checkbox"/>	20	LAS 00175442
<input type="checkbox"/>	21	LAS 00175640
<input type="checkbox"/>	22	LAS 00175741
<input type="checkbox"/>	23	LAS 11111111

Information

Changes applied successfully

[OK](#)

Removes elected meters from the routing list. Please note that max 5 meters can be removed at a time.

[Delete selected](#)

Remove all meters from the routing list and all data. Note: The complete clear of memory takes about 60-120 seconds. Be patient.

[Delete all](#)

Lansen Configurator rev 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00000012@friendlyifeguard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file: ☐ [Browse](#) [Start Logging](#)

Config Repeater / Bridge | Config Pulse Meter | Config Pulse Counter | Config Modbus Master | Packet Sniffer V2 | Custom control

Configure Repeater/Bridge ID: 00000012 [Extend](#) uptime: 15 min [Disconnect](#)

AES key: Leave empty if no encryption is used

Version: 31.6, HW: 0001h Expected total battery lifetime years: N/A (Bridge)

Basic | Timers | Routing | Meters | Clock | Bridge

Automatic meter installation: ☒ YES

Automatic: Means all meters that are heard by the repeater are automatically installed in the routing list. The list is cleared when applying the magnet och when the repeater is restarted. If not automatic installation is not use, meters can be added manually and the meters in the routing slots will survive restart and when woken up by using the magnet.

Number of meters: 925 1075 free slots [Load all meters](#) Load all meters: Will read all meters that are in the routinglist of the repeater

Add meter data:

Manufacturer: Ex: LAS Serial number: Ex: 01234567

Enter the manufacture code and serialnumber of the meter that you want to add to the routing list.

Add meter(s)

Import meter data:

Example CSV file: ManufacturerCode:IdentificationNumber
LAS:11111111
LAS:22222222

[Browse](#) [Import csv file](#)

[Apply Changes](#)

Note: Enter repeater/bridge ID example: "01234567" and press Connect. Make sure that the repeater is listening. A magnet can be used for "waking" the repeater/bridge. Note: If the bridge is batterdriven the configurator will wait for an incoming connect from the bridge and when that is received read out the settings and keep the connection active for x minutes. Supported by bridge rev 113 and newer.

This is the list of all meters currently in the repeater.

Selected	Index	Identity
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	LAS 00159187
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	LAS 00163124
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	LAS 00000003
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	LAS 00162633
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	LAS 00175541
<input type="checkbox"/>	5	LAS 00175440
<input type="checkbox"/>	6	LAS 00175642
<input type="checkbox"/>	7	LAS 00000002
<input type="checkbox"/>	8	LAS 00163125
<input type="checkbox"/>	9	LAS 00159186
<input type="checkbox"/>	10	LAS 00175540
<input type="checkbox"/>	11	LAS 00175441
<input type="checkbox"/>	12	LAS 00175643
<input type="checkbox"/>	15	LAS 00159185
<input type="checkbox"/>	16	LAS 00000001
<input type="checkbox"/>	17	LAS 00163126
<input type="checkbox"/>	18	LAS 96943033
<input type="checkbox"/>	19	LAS 00175543
<input type="checkbox"/>	20	LAS 00175442
<input type="checkbox"/>	21	LAS 00175640
<input type="checkbox"/>	22	LAS 00175741
<input type="checkbox"/>	23	LAS 11111111

Removes elected meters from the routing list. Please note that max 5 meters can be removed at a time.

[Delete selected](#)

Remove all meters from the routing list and all data. Note: The complete clear of memory takes about 60-120 seconds. Be patient.

[Delete all](#)

Lansen manual for Lansen WM-BUS B4 GW (MQTT) Rev: K Date: 2024-10-02

Lansen Configurator rev 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00000012@friendly-figuard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file:

Browse

StartLogging

Config Repeater / Bridge

Config Pulse Meter

Config Pulse Counter

Config Modbus Master

Packet Sniffer V2

Custom control

Configure Repeater/Bridge ID

00000012

Extend

uptime: 15 min

Disconnect

Note: Enter repeater/bridge ID example: "01234567" and press Connect. Make sure that the repeater is listening. A magnet can be used for "waking" the repeater/bridge. Note: If the bridge is batterydriven the configurator will wait for an incoming connect from the bridge and when that is received read out the settings and keep the connection active for x minutes. Supported by bridge rev 113 and newer.

AES key:

Leave empty if no encryption is used

Version.: 31.6, HW: 0001h

Expected total battery lifetime years N/A (Bridge)

Basic

Timers

Routing

Meters

Clock

Bridge

Automatic meter installation: ☒ YES

Automatic: Means all meters that are heard by the repeater are automatically installed in the routing list. The list is cleared when applying the magnet och when the repeater is restarted. If not automatic installation is not use; meters can be added manually and the meters in the routing slots will survive restart and when woken up by using the magnet.

Number of meters: 925 1075 free slots

Load all meters

Load all meters: Will read all meters that are in the routinglist of the repeater

Add meter data:

Manufacturer Ex: LAS

Serial number Ex: 01234567

78954412

Enter the manufacture code and serialnumber of the meter that you want to add to the routing list.

Add meter(s)

Import meter data:

Browse

Import .csv-file

Example CSV file: ManufacturerCode:IdentificationNumber LAS:11111111 LAS:22222222

Selected

Index

Identity

This is the list of all meters currently in the repeater.

0 LAS 00159187

1 LAS 00163124

2 LAS 00000003

3 LAS 00162633

4 LAS 00175541

5 LAS 00175440

6 LAS 00175642

7 LAS 00000002

8 LAS 00163125

9 LAS 00159186

10 LAS 00175540

11 LAS 00175441

12 LAS 00175643

15 LAS 00159185

16 LAS 00000001

17 LAS 00163126

18 LAS 96943033

19 LAS 00175543

20 LAS 00175442

21 LAS 00175640

22 LAS 00175741

23 LAS 11111111

Information

Changes applied successfully

OK

Removes elected meters from the routing list. Please note that max 5 meters can be removed at a time.

Delete selected

Remove all meters from the routing list and all data. Note: The complete clear of memory takes about 60-120 seconds. Be patient.

Delete all

Apply Changes

Lansen Configurator rev 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00000012@friendly-figuard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file:

Browse

StartLogging

Config Repeater / Bridge

Config Pulse Meter

Config Pulse Counter

Config Modbus Master

Packet Sniffer V2

Custom control

Configure Repeater/Bridge ID

00000012

Extend

uptime: 15 min

Disconnect

Note: Enter repeater/bridge ID example: "01234567" and press Connect. Make sure that the repeater is listening. A magnet can be used for "waking" the repeater/bridge. Note: If the bridge is batterydriven the configurator will wait for an incoming connect from the bridge and when that is received read out the settings and keep the connection active for x minutes. Supported by bridge rev 113 and newer.

AES key:

Leave empty if no encryption is used

Version.: 31.6, HW: 0001h

Expected total battery lifetime years N/A (Bridge)

Basic

Timers

Routing

Meters

Clock

Bridge

Automatic meter installation: ☒ YES

Automatic: Means all meters that are heard by the repeater are automatically installed in the routing list. The list is cleared when applying the magnet och when the repeater is restarted. If not automatic installation is not use; meters can be added manually and the meters in the routing slots will survive restart and when woken up by using the magnet.

Number of meters: 925 1074 free slots

Load all meters

Load all meters: Will read all meters that are in the routinglist of the repeater

Add meter data:

Manufacturer Ex: LAS

Serial number Ex: 01234567

Enter the manufacture code and serialnumber of the meter that you want to add to the routing list.

Add meter(s)

Import meter data:

Browse

Import .csv-file

Example CSV file: ManufacturerCode:IdentificationNumber LAS:11111111 LAS:22222222

Selected

Index

Identity

This is the list of all meters currently in the repeater.

1773 LAS 00175298

1774 LAS 00175399

1780 LAS 00159158

1781 LAS 00175299

1782 LAS 00175398

1788 LAS 00176397

1804 LAS 00159165

1812 LAS 00159164

1820 LAS 00159163

1828 LAS 00159162

1829 EGD 30000227

1836 LAS 00159161

1837 LAS 94967295

1844 LAS 00159160

1908 LAS 00176398

1924 LAS 00159176

1948 LAS 00159173

1956 LAS 00159172

1964 LAS 00159171

1965 EGD 60004325

2012 LAS 85285200

1469 LAS 78954412

Removes elected meters from the routing list. Please note that max 5 meters can be removed at a time.

Delete selected

Remove all meters from the routing list and all data. Note: The complete clear of memory takes about 60-120 seconds. Be patient.

Delete all

Apply Changes

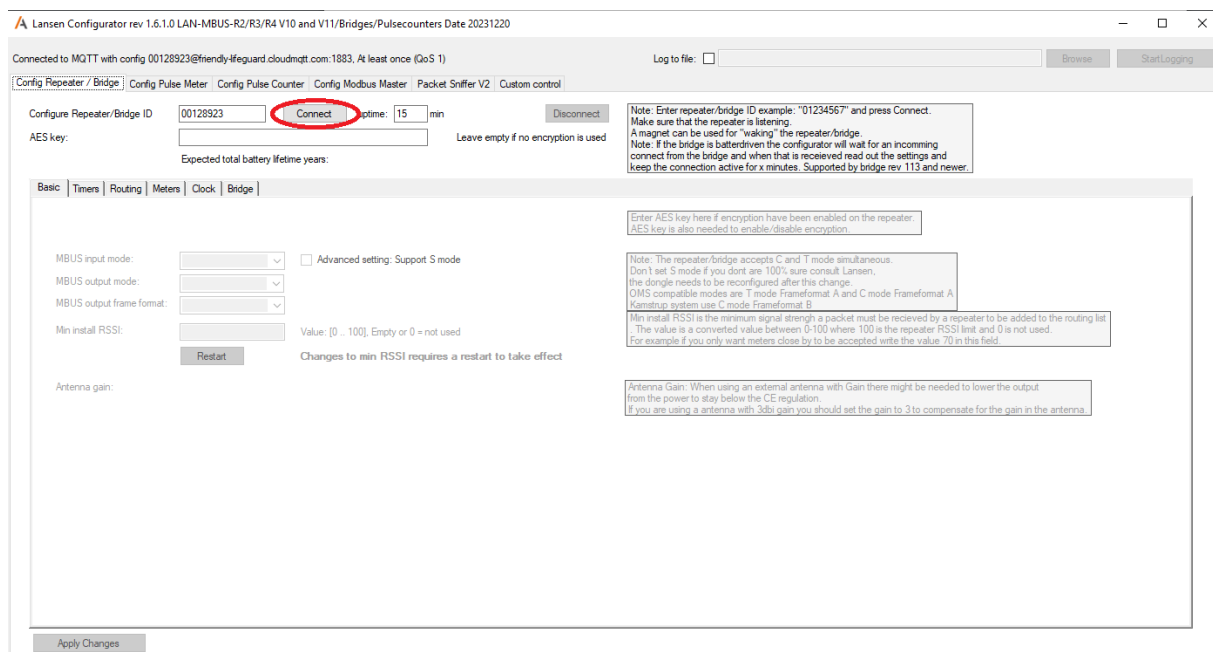
Connecting and working with Lansen Configurator (Battery Gateway)

A battery-operated gateway is not always online (sleeping) to save battery. This must be considered when using Lansen Configurator, since trying to connect to a gateway may not happen right away like it would with a mains-powered gateway.

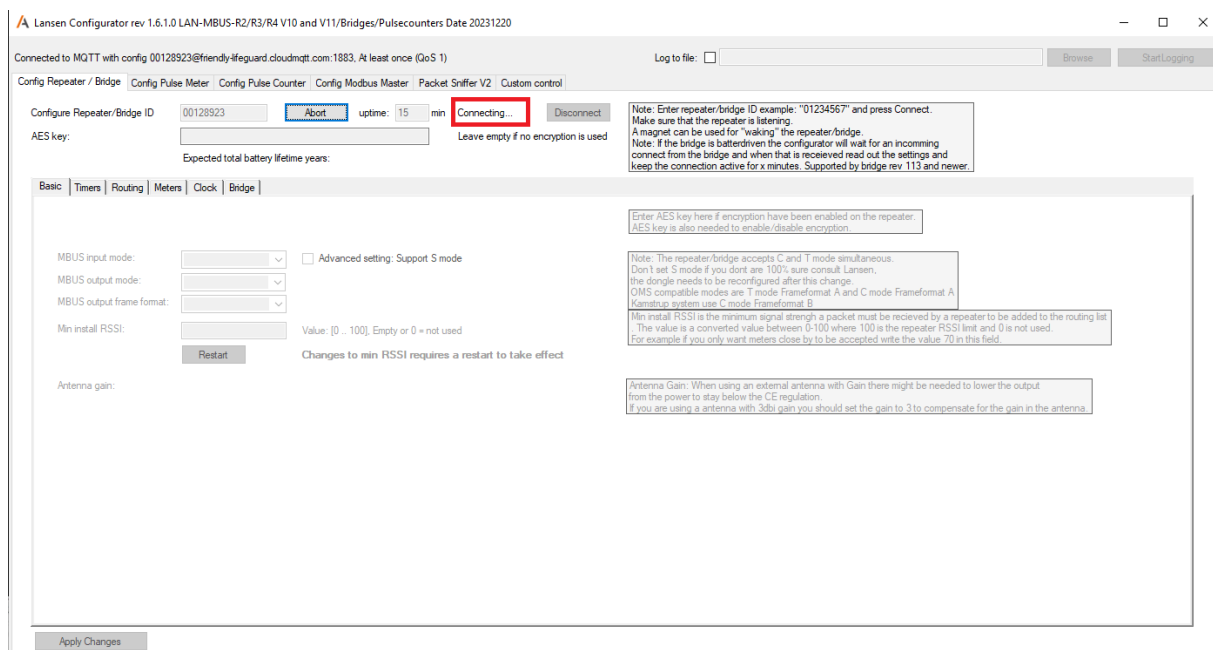
When the button *Connect* is clicked, marked by red circle below, the program Lansen Configurator will try to connect with the specified gateway and continuously checks if the gateway connects to the MQTT server. Once the gateway is connected to the MQTT server, the Configurator will automatically retrieve all settings from the gateway and force the gateway to be online the number of minutes as set in the field *Uptime*.

The following images shows the process in detail.

Enter a value for *Uptime*, e.g., 15 minutes, and click *Connect* to retrieve information from the gateway once the gateway is connected to the MQTT server.



Lansen Configurator tries to connect to the gateway



The gateway was offline so the program waits for a connection from the gateway.

Lansen Configurator rev 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00128923@friendly-feguard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file: ☐ Browse StartLogging

Config Repeater / Bridge Config Pulse Meter Config Pulse Counter Config Modbus Master Packet Sniffer V2 Custom control

Configure Repeater/Bridge ID: 00128923 Abort uptime: 15 min **Waiting for bridge...** Disconnect

AES key: Leave empty if no encryption is used

Expected total battery lifetime years:

Basic Timers Routing Meters Clock Bridge

MBUS input mode: ☐ Advanced setting: Support S mode

MBUS output mode:

MBUS output frame format:

Min install RSSI: Value: [0 .. 100], Empty or 0 = not used

Restart

Changes to min RSSI requires a restart to take effect

Antenna gain:

Apply Changes

Note: Enter repeater/bridge ID example: "01234567" and press Connect. Make sure that the repeater is listening. A magnet can be used for "waking" the repeater/bridge. Note: If the bridge is batterdriven the configurator will wait for an incoming connect from the bridge and when that is received read out the settings and keep the connection active for x minutes. Supported by bridge rev. 113 and newer.

Enter AES key here if encryption have been enabled on the repeater. AES key is also needed to enable/disable encryption.

Note: The repeater/bridge accepts C and T mode simultaneous. Don't set S mode if you dont are 100% sure consult Lansen, the dongle needs to be reconfigured after this change. OMS compatible modes are T mode Frameformat A and C mode Frameformat A. Kamstrup system use C mode Frameformat B.

Min install RSSI is the minimum signal strength a packet must be received by a repeater to be added to the routing list. The value is a converted value between 0-100 where 100 is the repeater RSSI limit and 0 is not used. For example if you only want meters close by to be accepted write the value 70 in this field.

Antenna Gain: When using an external antenna with Gain there might be needed to lower the output from the power to stay below the CE regulation. If you are using a antenna with 3dbi gain you should set the gain to 3 to compensate for the gain in the antenna.

Once the gateway is connected to the MQTT server and connection is established by Lansen Configurator, the countdown of the uptime will start. The counter shows the time left before the gateway shuts down the connection with the MQTT server.

Lansen Configurator rev 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00128923@friendly-feguard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file: ☐ Browse StartLogging

Config Repeater / Bridge Config Pulse Meter Config Pulse Counter Config Modbus Master Packet Sniffer V2 Custom control

Configure Repeater/Bridge ID: 00128923 Extend uptime: 15 min **02:49** Disconnect

AES key: Leave empty if no encryption is used

Version.: 30.127, HW: 0001h Expected total battery lifetime years: N/A (Bridge)

Basic Timers Routing Meters Clock Bridge

Encryption:

MBUS input mode:

MBUS output mode:

MBUS output frame format:

Min install RSSI: Value: [0 .. 100], Empty or 0 = not used

Restart

Changes to min RSSI requires a restart to take effect

Antenna gain: Not supported

Apply Changes

Note: Enter repeater/bridge ID example: "01234567" and press Connect. Make sure that the repeater is listening. A magnet can be used for "waking" the repeater/bridge. Note: If the bridge is batterdriven the configurator will wait for an incoming connect from the bridge and when that is received read out the settings and keep the connection active for x minutes. Supported by bridge rev. 113 and newer.

Enter AES key here if encryption have been enabled on the repeater. AES key is also needed to enable/disable encryption.

Note: The repeater/bridge accepts C and T mode simultaneous. Don't set S mode if you dont are 100% sure consult Lansen, the dongle needs to be reconfigured after this change. OMS compatible modes are T mode Frameformat A and C mode Frameformat A. Kamstrup system use C mode Frameformat B.

Min install RSSI is the minimum signal strength a packet must be received by a repeater to be added to the routing list. The value is a converted value between 0-100 where 100 is the repeater RSSI limit and 0 is not used. For example if you only want meters close by to be accepted write the value 70 in this field.

Antenna Gain: When using an external antenna with Gain there might be needed to lower the output from the power to stay below the CE regulation. If you are using a antenna with 3dbi gain you should set the gain to 3 to compensate for the gain in the antenna.

It is possible to extend the uptime by clicking 'Extend'.

Lansen Configurator rev 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00128923@friendlyifeguard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file: ☐ Browse StartLogging

Config Repeater / Bridge Config Pulse Meter Config Pulse Counter Config Modbus Master Packet Sniffer V2 Custom control

Configure Repeater/Bridge ID 00128923 Extend uptime: 15 min 14.57 Disconnect

AES key: Leave empty if no encryption is used

Version: 30.127, HW: 0001h Expected total battery lifetime years N/A (Bridge)

Basic Timers Routing Meters Clock Bridge

Encryption: No encryption enabled

MBUS input mode: TC

MBUS output mode: C

MBUS output frame format: A-Valid for output S

Min install RSSI: 0 Value: [0 ... 100], Empty or 0 = not used

Restart

Antenna gain: Not supported

Apply Changes

Note: Enter repeater/bridge ID example: "01234567" and press Connect. Make sure that the repeater is listening. A magnet can be used for "waking" the repeater/bridge. Note: If the bridge is batterdriven the configurator will wait for an incoming connect from the bridge and when that is received read out the settings and keep the connection active for x minutes. Supported by bridge rev 1.13 and newer.

Note: The repeater/bridge accepts C and T mode simultaneous. Don't set S mode if you don't are 100% sure consult Lansen, the dongle needs to be reconfigured after this change. OMS compatible modes are T mode Frameformat A and C mode Frameformat A. Kamstrup system use C mode Frameformat B.

Min install RSSI is the minimum signal strength a packet must be received by a repeater to be added to the routing list. The value is a converted value between 0-100 where 100 is the repeater RSSI limit and 0 is not used. For example if you only want meters close by to be accepted write the value 70 in this field.

Antenna Gain: When using an external antenna with Gain there might be needed to lower the output from the power to stay below the CE regulation. If you are using a antenna with 3dbi gain you should set the gain to 3 to compensate for the gain in the antenna.

The gateway closes the connection when the timer reaches 00:00 or when the button *Disconnect* is clicked.

Lansen Configurator rev 1.6.1.0 LAN-MBUS-R2/R3/R4 V10 and V11/Bridges/Pulsecounters Date 20231220

Connected to MQTT with config 00128923@friendlyifeguard.cloudmqtt.com:1883, At least once (QoS 1)

Log to file: ☐ Browse StartLogging

Config Repeater / Bridge Config Pulse Meter Config Pulse Counter Config Modbus Master Packet Sniffer V2 Custom control

Configure Repeater/Bridge ID 00128923 Extend uptime: 15 min 00:00 Disconnect

AES key: Leave empty if no encryption is used

Version: 30.127, HW: 0001h Expected total battery lifetime years N/A (Bridge)

Basic Timers Routing Meters Clock Bridge

Suppression timer: 5 Minutes

Start time: 14:08 24h on Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su

Listen/pause timers: 3 / 27 Minutes: [0 ... 65000], 0 = Not used

Magnet/reed timer: 3

Monthly reading start time: 14:08 on the 1st of each month

Monthly reading listen time: Minutes: [0 ... 65000], 0 = Not used

Apply Changes

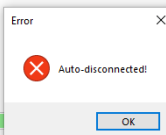
Note: The suppression timer sets the minimum delay before a message from a specific meter is retransmitted again. Use this for minimizing traffic in the network. So if you need data every 60 minutes set this to 14. The repeater can handle about 1-2 message / second so the suppression timer must take this into account. The setting 0 should only be used when testing never in real deployment.

Note: Enable absolute time for the repeater to start listen (the listen timer shall start). If empty it is not used. Then the listen and no listen time is only used. Make sure to sync clock before using the Start Time. Note: In a multihop system version StartTime shall only be set for the repeater closest to the GW. This setting can in version 11 be combined with week-days to specify specific listen days.

The listen time is the time in minutes the repeater is listening for incoming data before going to sleep. (Pause Time). Note for Mains powered repeater set Pause Time to 0 and Listen timer to 1. If start time is used and daily reading is wanted set: Pause Time to 1440 - Listen Time. For example if listen timer is 30 minutes set Pause timer to 1410. This setting is not propagated between the repeaters in a multihop system, but the same setting must be used for all repeaters except the micro Repeater.

Read Time: Is the number of minutes the repeater is listening for data after a magnet was used to wake the device. During this period the suppression timer is ignored for the first 4 minutes.

Using this setting a extra reading once per month can be added. This setting is not propagated between all repeaters and must therefore be set for all repeaters in a multihop system.



Upgrade firmware

To upgrade the firmware, a specific command must be sent to the gateway via MQTT or the LAN-WMBUS-D1/D2-TC configuration dongle.

LTE gateway

Below is an example setting.

- In the field called *Firmware URL*, enter the HTTP-server where the firmware is located.
- In Firmware version, enter the firmware version.
- Click *Upgrade bridge firmware* - The upgrade usually takes less than 1 minute.

The screenshot shows the 'Lansen Configurator' software interface. At the top, it indicates 'Connected to Dongle with config COM30 @ 115200 baud, version: 11.5.0.1544'. The main menu includes 'Configure Repeater / Bridge', 'Config Pulse Meter', 'Config Pulse Counter', 'Config Modbus Master', 'Packet Sniffer V2', and 'Custom control'. The 'Configure Repeater / Bridge' tab is active, showing fields for 'Configure Repeater/Bridge ID' (00143453), 'AES key', 'Version' (30.129), and 'HW model' (1). Below these are tabs for 'Basic', 'Timers', 'Routing', 'Meters', 'Clock', and 'Bridge'. The 'Basic' tab is selected, displaying MQTT settings: 'MQTT host' (f), 'MQTT port' (1), 'MQTT username' (L), 'MQTT password' (2), 'MQTT custom prefix' (empty), 'TLS' (TLS off), 'APN' (empty), and 'NTP' (pool.ntp.org). There are also checkboxes for 'MQTT always online' (checked), 'IP address', 'Network mask', 'Network status', 'MAC address', 'DNS address', 'Standard gateway', 'DHCP enabled', and 'GPRS enabled'. On the right, there are notes about MQTT settings and a section for 'MCU 1' and 'MCU 2' firmware upgrade details. The 'MCU 1' section shows 'HW model: 1', 'HW version: 1', 'FW version: 129', 'New FW URL: http://myserver.com/156.bin', and 'New FW version: 156'. The 'MCU 2' section shows 'HW model: N/A', 'HW version: N/A', 'FW version: N/A', 'New FW URL: ', and 'New FW version: '. At the bottom right, there is a button labeled 'Upgrade bridge firmware(s)'. The 'Apply Changes' button is at the bottom left.

Ethernet Gateway

The ethernet gateway contains two firmwares which typically must be upgraded at the same time. In that case both the firmware for MCU 1 and MCU 2 be entered at the same time. Contact us for details.